# CENTRAL SAVANNAH RIVER AREA REGIONAL COMMISSION AUGUSTA, GEORGIA



## ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Burke ColumbiaGlascockHancockJeffersonJenkinsLincolnMcDuffieRichmondTaliaferroWarrenWashingtonWilkes

#### PREAMBLE OF THE CSRA REGIONAL COMMISSION

It is hereby affirmed that the local units of government in the CSRA have many common concerns that transcend their individual borders; the destinies of each unit rest with the interdependent actions of the family of local governments, which comprise the Central Savannah River Area. It is vital to retain local home rule while providing resources to meet area wide challenges beyond the capabilities of individual units; expansion of the concept of multi-county cooperation among units of local governments is an effective means of achieving this vital goal; and cooperation must be fostered in two ways, by strengthening the abilities of local governments to meet individual local needs and by developing an association of local government to meet common regional concerns.

## ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

## FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared by the Department of Finance and Administration

Jennifer Sankey, CPA Chief Financial Officer

## INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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3626 Walton Way Extension, Suite 1 Augusta, GA 30909 (706) 210-2000 · fax (706) 210-2006 www.csrarc.ga.gov





Counties Served: December 15, 2023

1

Glascock Ladies and Gentlemen:

HancockWe are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") of the Central<br/>Savannah River Area Regional Commission (the Commission) for the fiscal year ("FY") ended<br/>June 30, 2023. State law requires the Commission to keep books of account reflecting all funds<br/>received, expended, and administered by the Commission, which shall be independently audited<br/>at least once in each fiscal year. Such audit shall be conducted in conformity with generally<br/>accepted government auditing standards ("GAGAS") by a licensed certified public accountant. This<br/>report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Lincoln Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the Commission's comprehensive framework of internal controls is designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Taliaferro
 Mauldin and Jenkins, LLC has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Commission's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Washington
 The independent audit of the financial statements of the Commission was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing a Single Audit engagement require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the Commission's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports can be found in the Single Audit section of this report.



For information on the Area Agency on Aging (AAA), a division of the CSRA Regional Commission, call (706) 210-2018 or toll free (and TDD) 1-888-922-4464. The AAA is your "Gateway to Community Resources" for senior citizens and those with disabilities. Auxiliary aids and services available upon request to individuals with disabilities. The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### PROFILE OF THE CENTRAL SAVANNAH RIVER AREA REGIONAL COMMISSION

The Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission succeeded the former Central Savannah River Area Regional Development Center (the "Center") effective July 1, 2009. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §50-8-41 provided for this succession. All contractual obligations to employees, other duties, rights, and benefits of the Center automatically became duties, obligations, rights, and benefits of the successor Commission.

The Commission is a special purpose local government existing under the authority of Georgia law as provided for by the O.C.G.A. §50-8-41. The responsibilities and authority of the Commission are contained in §50-8-30 through §50-8-67 of O.C.G.A. The Commission assists local governments in planning for common needs, cooperating for mutual benefit, and coordinating for sound regional development. Membership assessments, federal, state, local, and private grants/contracts finance operations of the Commission. Grants from federal, state, and other sources are the primary sources of revenues permitting the Commission to meet its responsibilities. The Commission's membership consists of the 13 counties and 39 cities in east Georgia, known as the Central Savannah River Area ("CSRA"). The Commission also is financially accountable for four legally separate corporations, all of which are reported separately within the Commission's financial statements. The Commission's component units operate collectively as CSRA Business Lending. Additional information about these legally separate entities can be found in Note 1.B. in the notes to the financial statements.

The Commission's Council is responsible for establishing policy and direction. The objectives of the Commission are to develop, promote and assist in establishing coordinated and comprehensive planning in Georgia; to provide local governments on both an individual and regional basis with professional technical assistance to improve local government service programs; to provide professional technical assistance with the development, collection, compilation, and maintenance of a local information base and network; to manage those nonprofit corporations created by the Commission in accordance with Georgia law for the operation of revolving loan programs and function as a certified development company; and to function as the designated Area Agency on Aging ("AAA") for the CSRA, responsible for identifying the needs of older CSRA residents, planning and coordinating regional aging services, advocating on behalf of older persons in need, and contracting with a network of agencies to provide direct services to the elderly in the CSRA.

With 5,146 square miles of land area in its jurisdiction, the Commission has a diverse group of constituents. The area consists of both urban and rural counties with the City of Augusta and Richmond and Columbia counties being predominantly urban. The fortunes of the Augusta urban area tie closely to the fortunes of both the CSRA rural counties and the urban area in South Carolina. According to U.S. 2020 Census, the CSRA had a population of 490,862. Approximately 386,945 persons or 78.83% reside in the urbanized areas within Richmond, Columbia, and McDuffie Counties. Most of the region's growth has occurred in and around the Augusta metropolitan area.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The availability of State and Federal funding to the support activities undertaken by the Commission to assist its members directly affects the Commissions' financial position. The Commission derived 93% of its income in FY 2023 through intergovernmental grants and contracts. This percentage is consistent with prior years. The Commission's continued success is dependent upon its ability to continue providing services in a wide variety of programmatic areas to meet the needs of its members. The leveraging of members' assessments is important to the financial success of the Commission. The Commission generated over \$15 for every one dollar in assessments collected. Without this advantage, the Commission could not succeed in providing the level of services demanded by its members.

Due to the nature of the Commission's major activities, a significant portion of the Commission's State and Federal funding is driven by the economic condition and success of its member governments and the populace. Therefore, the financial condition of the Commission and its revenues are also driven by the economic success or failure of the Commission's members and populace.

Due to the swings in availability of State and Federal funding, the Commission strives to maintain a sufficient level of liquid net position to meet its obligations as they become due. The Commission must also maintain a high level of liquid assets due to its dependency on State and Federal grants and contracts. Most all of these grants and contracts operate on a reimbursable basis with an average collection period of 45 to 60 days. The Commission is not empowered to borrow funds.

The nation as a whole has experienced a disruption in economic growth that preceded the arrival of the COVID-19 pandemic. During the early days of the pandemic, unemployment rates rose significantly, with the rural areas more heavily impacted than the metro area. Through local planning and development efforts, the CSRA's communities are prepared to move forward as economic recovery begins. Helping its communities weather the current economic uncertainty while preparing to capitalize on anticipated future economic growth is a primary focus. Staff members provide a wide variety of services to our members in all areas of local governance. It is the intermingling of these services that fosters not only the quality of life within the region, but also the opportunities for local and regional economic growth and success.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Due to the Commission's significant dependency on intergovernmental revenues, the long-term financial sustainability of the Commission is directly related to continuing to the meet the needs of its member governments. The Commission works diligently through close interaction with local officials to learn of their needs and work with them to achieve successes. The Commission provides updates of its activities through quarterly and annual reports.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES OF THE COMMISSION

The Commission provides many functions within the region. Staff are adept at a wide variety of professional services. The staff boasts 500+ years of experience within the CSRA alone. The post COVID pandemic period saw a wide variety of state and federal programs that were designed to assist local governments recover economically from the stresses of the pandemic. The Commission continued to work with local governments to secure funds from a variety of resources. Aging staff continued to work with senior centers across the region to restore center participation rates to those seen before the pandemic. Grant funds were secured through the Community Development Division for projects like recreation, senior center improvements, water and sewer improvements, broadband development and housing rehabilitation. The Regional Commission's ("RC") loan program was recognized nationally for its work in the areas of new market tax credits and meat and poultry loan programs.

Serving the region is a commitment that the RC strives to uphold every day. Senior citizens are served through the agency's multiple aging-related programs. The Division of Community Development staff work to ensure that local governments are prepared for socio-economic growth and development when opportunities present themselves. Preparation for potential disaster, resolving flood and drainage problems, and securing state and federal funds for local initiatives are key to the Commission's local government service assistance. In short, Commission staff serve regional members by addressing today's needs to remove tomorrow's barriers to growth and prosperity.

The Regional Commission actively served its member jurisdictions during FY 2023. Detailed information about the fiscal year's activities is included in the annual report, "Exceeding Expectations". Some of the major highlights for the year are as follows:

- > The AAA Nutrition Services Program worked with 19 region wide sites to provide 235,000 congregate and home delivered meals to seniors in the east central Georgia region at a net cost of \$1.2 million dollars.
- Aging staff continued to provide a variety of workshops such as the Chronic Disease Self-Management Program ("CDSMP"), Diabetes Self-Management Program ("DSMP"), Matter of Balance ("MOB"), and Tai Chi for Health ("TCH").
- The Aging department recorded 10,897 total contacts through the Aging and Disability Resource Connection, which provides a centralized point of entry for information and referral services for the elderly and persons with disabilities in the CSRA.
- CSRA Business Lending, a component unit of the Commission, packaged 36 loans totaling \$25 million (with total project costs exceeding \$57.7 million) and helped create or retain 205 jobs.
- Community Development staff secured \$3.7 million for a new warehouse for Golden Harvest Food Bank in Augusta-Richmond County.
- Community Development staff acquired funding and administered a grant awarded from the DNR Conservation and Outdoor Recreation Program for \$1,423,990 to implement the Wilkes County Conserving Georgia's Revolutionary War Victory Project. The funds will be used to acquire two parcels of land totaling approximately 178 acres to expand the Kettle Creek Battlefield Park.

- Community Development staff secured more than \$1.8 million in Community Development Block Grant funds for members and continues to administer approximately \$29.8 million in on-going activities.
- Community Development staff continue to administer \$2.6 million in Community Housing Improvement Program funds for the cities of Louisville, Millen, Thomson, Warrenton and Waynesboro.
- Community Development staff administered approximately \$3 million in Congressional Appropriations funding for the cities of Thomson and Waynesboro.
- Community Development staff secured approximately \$3.9 million through State American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") Funds to design and construct a fiber broadband network of 275 total plant miles to reach 2,405 unserved homes and businesses in McDuffie County.
- Planning staff completed the Lincoln and Jenkins Joint Comprehensive Plan and continued to assist with the update of the county's zoning ordinance.
- Planning Staff continued working with the Georgia Department of Transportation to provide a variety of activities related to transportation and bicycle/pedestrian planning.

The Commission has served the cities and counties of the Central Savannah River Area for the past 62 years. The Regional Commission (formerly the Area Planning and Development Commission and the Regional Development Center) served as the convener of the region by assisting local governments overcome political boundaries to capitalize on the area's natural, historical, and demographic assets. Through the Commission's presence, local governments were able to work together to improve living conditions, create and retain jobs, and protect access, both economically and recreationally, to the region's vast natural resources.

Whether staffing regional entities such as the Unified Development Authority or serving as support for other regional initiative, the Commission continues to play an integral role in fostering the region's economic vitality. Since 1961, member governments have actively turned to the CSRA Regional Commission to navigate public sector challenges. For 62 years, the Commission has provided planning, management and information services to our members in a professional, ethical, cost effective and efficient manner; and served as a forum for addressing local government and its citizens' needs as originally dictated by our mission.

The Commission publishes a detailed report of all activities annually. This year's Annual Report theme is "Exceeding Expectations". Cities and counties in the Commission's service area have long recognized the importance of working collaboratively to solve problems, address issues, and create opportunities for local and regional growth. Each of the region's thirteen counties participates in the Unified Development Authority, which serves as a voice for local and regional needs at the state and federal level.

The Clarks' Hill Partnership strives to promote the lake from a tourism and economic development perspective. The CSRA Alliance for Fort Gordon promotes opportunities for mission growth and enhanced quality of life for Fort Gordon's soldiers, civilians, and their families. The CSRA Regional Commission works hand in hand with each of these public and private partnerships on a daily basis. The quality of life for the 500,000 people who call the CSRA home is a primary focal point of each city, county, development authority, chamber of commerce, and partnership or alliance. While there are multiple partners engaged in this endeavor, everyone works together as one region to enhance quality of life and economic growth region-wide. Copies of the Annual Report can be obtained directly from the Commission or by accessing on the Commission's web site www.csrarc.ga.gov.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Commission for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award-recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Commission published an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The Commission has received a Certificate of Achievement for the past 30 years. We believe that our report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements and, therefore, we are submitting it to GFOA.

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance and administration department. The Executive Director and the Board of Directors are also commended for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Commission in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully Submitted,

Andy Crosson Executive Director

Juniber D. Lonke

Jennifer Sankey, CPA Chief Financial Officer

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## **Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission Georgia**

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE AND PRINCIPAL STAFF FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### **Executive Committee**

John Graham Warren County Chair

Walker Norman

Lincoln County

**Garnett Johnson** 

Augusta-Richmond County

Secretary

Kenneth Usry City of Thomson Vice-Chair

John Luther Augusta-Richmond County Immediate Past Chair

**Principal Staff** 

Doug Duncan Columbia County Sistie Hudson Hancock County Treasurer

Jimmy Andrews City of Sandersville

Sam Moore Wilkes County

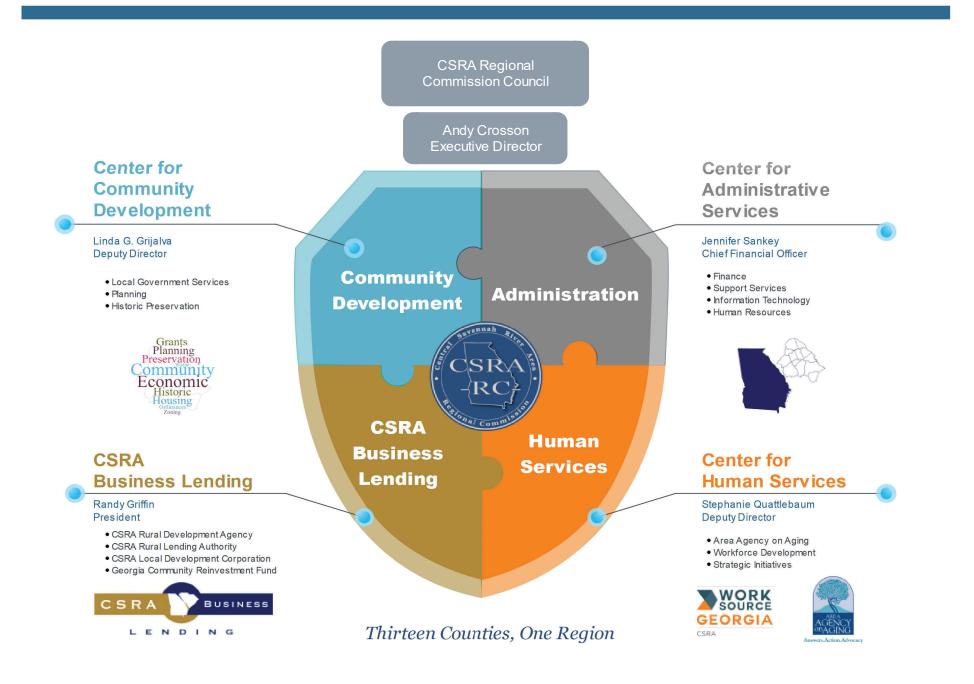
Executive Director Anthony Crosson

<u>Chief Financial Officer</u> <u>Center for Administrative Services</u> Jennifer Sankey

<u>President</u> <u>CSRA Business Lending</u> Randy Griffin

Deputy Director Center for Human Services Stephanie Quattlebaum

<u>Deputy Director</u> <u>Center for Community Development</u> Linda Grijalva







## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Council Members Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission Augusta, Georgia

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission** (the "Commission"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commission as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") on pages 6 – 18 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, Schedule of Indirect Cost - Budget and Actual, Schedule of Fringe Benefits - Budget and Actual, Schedule of Allocation Base, Schedule of Facilities Cost Allocated - Budget and Actual, Schedule of City/County Assessments, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Schedule of Indirect Cost - Budget and Actual, Schedule of Fringe Benefits - Budget and Actual, Schedule of Allocation Base, Schedule of Facilities Cost Allocated - Budget and Actual, Schedule of City/County Assessments, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Commission for the year ended June 30, 2022, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information.

That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as a whole. The summarized comparative information included in the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2022, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2022 basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2022 summarized comparative information included in the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules fairly state in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.



#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia December 15, 2023



**FINANCIAL SECTION** 

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

As management of the Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission (Commission), we offer readers of the Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Commission for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Commission's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

- The assets of the Commission exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$3,839,086 *(net position).* Of this amount, \$3,720,200 (unrestricted net position) is available to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations. The unrestricted portion represents 40.17% of the primary government's expenses, which is 15.17% more than the Commission's policy of 25% of the primary government's net position.
- Net position increased by \$6,004 compared to an increase of \$1,552 for the prior year.
- Expenses of governmental and business activities exceeded program revenues by \$623,538. Assessments of \$564,491 plus the investment income of \$65,051 covered this deficit. The remaining excess of \$6,004 (\$623,538 - \$629,542) is the increase in net position. This analysis is in accordance with the Commission's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources, followed by local grants or contracts, and then by general revenues.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Commission's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,458,443, an increase of \$45,275 from the prior year. The nonspendable portion is \$27,440, the committed portion is \$26,568, the assigned portion is \$2,775 and the unrestricted is \$3,401,660, which is available to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations.

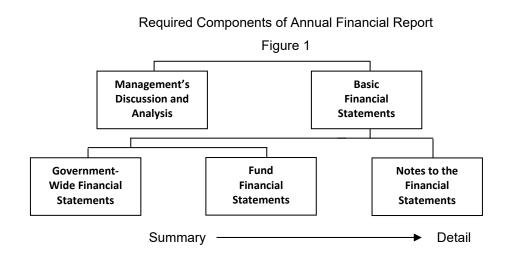
### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS COMPONENT UNITS (CUS)

- The assets of the CUs exceeded their liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$15,319,798 (*net position*). All of the \$15,319,798 (unrestricted net position) is available to meet ongoing obligations.
- The CUs net position increased by \$5,345,051 compared to an increase of \$434,947 for the prior year this increase is due primarily to the grant revenues received for the CARES Act Revolving Loan award over the past three years as well as the new Meat and Poultry Loan award.
- Operating revenues decreased \$341,330 and operating expenses increased \$192,402.
- Long-term debt decreased \$393,334 due to the continuing annual note payments.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Commission with government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Commission. See figure 1 on the next page.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The first two statements (pages 18 through 19) in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS). They provide both short and long-term information about the Commission's financial status. The GWFS include not only the Commission itself, but also its Component Units (CUs). These CUs, even though they are legally separate, are included in the basic financial statements because the Commission is financially accountable and appoints their governing board. The next statements (pages 20 through 28) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Commission's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the proprietary fund statements; 3) the fiduciary fund statements; and 4) the combining statements for the discretely presented CUs.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the Commission's operations, programs, and activities.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Commission's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements present the Commission's net position and explain how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Commission's total assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Commission's basic services such as aging services, planning & zoning, services to member governments, and support. Member assessments and Federal, State, and contracts from other governments finance these activities. The business-type activities are those for which the Commission charges a fee to customers (Herman Lodge Micro Loan Fund).

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Commission's activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like all other governmental entities in Georgia, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Commission are divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Commission's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash and the amount of funds left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are financial resources available to finance the Commission's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

An internal operating budget for the general, grants and contracts, and internal service funds is prepared by the Commission for management purposes. The budget is not subject to review or approval by the Legislature of the State of Georgia and, therefore, is not considered a legally adopted budget.

Proprietary Funds –The Commission maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Commission uses an enterprise fund to account for the operation of its micro loan program. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate cost internally among the Commission's various grants and contracts. The Commission uses an internal service fund (Cost Allocation Fund) to account for indirect costs, payroll and fringe benefit payments and their allocation, recording and allocation of facilities costs, and the receipt and disbursement of all the Commission's funds. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the Cost Allocation Fund is reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Commission. The Commission has two fiduciary funds: one pension trust fund and one custodial fund.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 29 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Commission's programs, activities, and operations.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In this case, the Commission's assets exceed liabilities by \$3,839,086 at the close of June 30, 2023, a slight increase over the prior year.

					Primary Gov	/err	nment							
		G	overnmental					Bu	isiness-type					
	Activities								Activities		Total			
	2023		2022		Change		2023		2022	Change		2023		2022
Current and other assets	\$ 6,663,586	\$	6,317,568	\$	346,018	\$	42,337	\$	47,690	\$ (5 <i>,</i> 353)	\$	6,705,923	\$	6,365,258
Capital assets	2,949,126		1,474,870		1,474,256		-		-	-		2,949,126		1,474,870
Total assets	\$ 9,612,712	\$	7,792,438	\$	1,820,274	\$	42,337	\$	47,690	\$ (5,353)	\$	9,655,049	\$	7,840,128
Long-term liabilities	\$ 2,622,501	\$	1,045,962	\$	1,576,539	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,622,501	\$	1,045,962
Other liabilities	3,193,094		2,961,084		232,010		368		-	368		3,193,462		2,961,084
Total Liabilities	5,815,595		4,007,046		1,808,549		368		-	368		5,815,963		4,007,046
Net position:														
Net Investment in capital assets	118,886		356,406		(237,520)		-		-	-		118,886		356,406
Unrestricted	3,678,231		3,428,986		249,245		41,969		47,690	(5,721)		3,720,200		3,476,676
Total net position	\$ 3,797,117	\$	3,785,392	\$	11,725	\$	41,969	\$	47,690	\$ (5,721)	\$	3,839,086	\$	3,833,082

### Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission Net Position – Primary Government Figure 2

The increase in long-term liabilities is due primarily to the addition of leased assets. During FY23, the Commission entered into a new building lease which increased the liability by \$1,602,362, which was offset by a small decrease in the compensated absences payable of \$25,823.

A small portion of the net position, \$118,886 (3.13%), reflects the Commission's investment in capital assets (e.g. vehicles, office furniture, leasehold improvements and equipment). The Commission uses these capital assets to support staff. These assets are not available for future spending. The remaining portion of the Commission's net position, \$3,720,200 is available to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to members and creditors.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The Commission finances ninety-three (93%) of its services through intergovernmental grants and contracts and, as a result, growth in net position is limited. The majority of these grants and contracts operate on a reimbursable basis (revenues are limited to the actual costs incurred). Receivables, loans receivable, amounts due from component units, and prepaid items represent forty-three percent (43%) or \$2,896,903 of the Commission's current assets. The average collection period ranges from forty-five to sixty days, requiring the Commission to maintain sufficient levels of cash to support current obligations. The Commission does not possess the corporate power to borrow therefore, it must maintain a sufficient level of net position to sustain and support continued growth in services to members and investment in capital assets.

Change in Net Position - Primary Government				
Figure	e 3			
Primary Gove	ernment			
Governmental	Business-type			

Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission

			Primary Gove	ernment				
		Governmental			Business-type			
		Activities			Activities	То	tal	
	2023	2022	Change	2023	2022	Change	2023	2022
levenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 1,585,693	\$ 1,391,557	\$ 194,136	\$ 4,220	\$ 4,423	\$ (203)	\$ 1,589,913	\$ 1,395,98
Operating grants	7,048,144	9,014,465	(1,966,321)	-	-	-	7,048,144	9,014,46
General revenues:								
Member assessments	564,491	523,136	41,355	-	-	-	564,491	523,13
Special assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment income (loss)	65,051	9,128	55,923	-	-	-	65,051	9,12
Total revenues	9,263,379	10,938,286	(1,674,907)	4,220	4,423	(203)	9,267,599	10,942,70
xpenses:								
General government	44,886	38,788	6,098	-	-	-	44,886	38,78
Aging services	5,212,998	4,796,395	416,603	-	-	-	5,212,998	4,796,39
Regional transportation services	-	1,618,131	(1,618,131)	-	-	-	-	1,618,13
Workforce development	1,677,612	1,792,718	(115,106)	-	-		1,677,612	1,792,71
Planning and zoning services	385,909	900,146	(514,237)	-	-	-	385,909	900,14
Local government services	593,556	476,891	116,665	-	-	-	593,556	476,89
Economic development support services	143,899	226,384	(82,485)	-	-	-	143,899	226,38
Management of local development companies	1,192,794	1,073,577	119,217	-	-	-	1,192,794	1,073,57
Micro loan program	-	-	-	9,941	18,127	(8,186)	9,941	18,12
Total expenses	9,251,654	10,923,030	(1,671,376)	9,941	18,127	(8,186)	9,261,595	10,941,15
Increase (Decrease) in net position	11,725	15,256	(3,531)	(5,721)	(13,704)	7,983	6,004	1,55
Net position - beginning	3,785,392	3,770,136	(5,551)	47,690	61,394	(13,704)	3,833,082	3,831,53
Net position - beginning Net position - ending	\$ 3,797,117			\$ 41,969	•			\$ 3,833,08

Governmental activities increased the Commission's net position by \$11,725 while business activities decreased net position by \$5,721 resulting in a net increase in net position of \$6,004. In accordance with the Commission's policy is to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources, followed by local grants or contracts, and then by general revenues, this increase represents remaining member assessments plus investment income.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The Commission's \$11,725 increase in governmental activities for FY23 is a \$3,531 decrease from FY22. Except for the coordinated regional transportation, contracts for the preparation of hazard mitigation plans, preparation of block grant applications, and administration of block grants, all of the Commission's Federal and State grants/contracts are reimbursement based; meaning revenues are limited to expenses. Continued growth and stability in net position is dependent upon the successful management of grants/contracts expenditures to revenues.

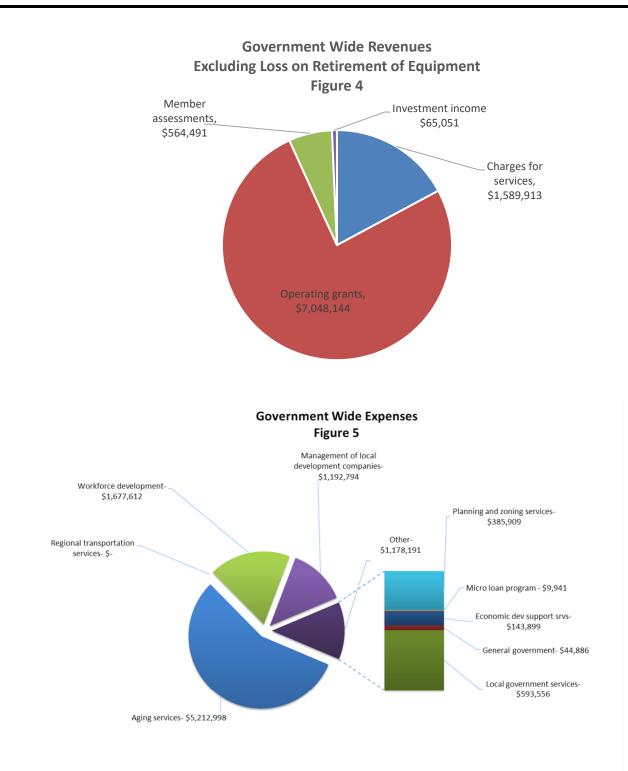
Governmental program revenues decreased \$1,772,185 and general revenues increased \$97,278. Operating grants decreased \$1,966,321 and charges for services increased \$199,732. Operating grants decreased \$162,965 for work force training, 1,635,860 for regional transportation, \$515,226 for planning and zoning, and \$104,727 for economic development support services and increased \$452,457 for aging services. The increase in aging services is the result of an increase in services provided due to additional funding awarded as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The decrease in work force training as well as in economic development support services is the result of additional COVID-19 funding that occurred in FY22. The decrease in planning and zoning services is the result of the close out of a Growth Management planning project in FY22. Beginning in FY23, the Commission made the decision to no longer administer the regional transportation services, which resulted in the decrease of revenues related to regional transportation services.

Charges for services increased \$199,732. Local government services increased \$136,332 due to the administration of additional CDBG grants over the prior year. Management of the local development companies increased \$113,687 due primarily to the increase in facilities costs due to the relocation as well as an increase in their portion of the reimbursable cost allocation plan.

Total governmental expenses decreased \$1,671,376. Costs for aging services increased consistently with program revenues. Costs for work force services and planning and zoning services decreased consistent with program revenues. Local government services expenses increased, which is the direct result of increased staff activities spent in Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) administration, and local government technical assistance during the fiscal year. This increase is due to the impact of additional fundings due to the COVID-19 pandemic. All of the federal and state grants require a local match in addition to the grant amount awarded, these additional costs generally represent match. In some cases, the required match is exceeded due to scope or cost overruns. Overall changes in functional expenses generally mirrored changes in operating grants and charges for services for activities identified in the above paragraph.

Business-type activities decreased the Commission's net position by \$5,721 compared to an decrease of \$13,704 for the prior year. The Herman Lodge Micro Loan Program (MLP) accounted for all of the decrease. Charges for services in the MLP decreased \$203 compared to an increase of \$1,416 the prior year. Interest income from loans decreased \$95 while late fees also decreased \$108. Interest income changes are consistent with changes in portfolio interest rate changes and continuing principal reductions. Expenses decreased \$8,186 due to decreases in personnel and allocated costs.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission Net Position – Component Units Figure 6

		Component l	Jnit	s			
	Business Type Activities						
	2023			2022	Change		
Other assets	\$	6,880,267	\$	3,228,694	\$	3,651,573	
Loans receivable		12,675,376		8,402,370		4,273,006	
Capital assets		-		31,413		(31,413)	
Total assets	\$	19,555,643	\$	11,662,477	\$	7,893,166	
Long-term liabilities	\$	757,827	\$	1,151,161	\$	(393,334)	
Other liabilities		3,478,018		536,569		2,941,449	
Total Liabilities		4,235,845		1,687,730		2,548,115	
Net position:							
Investment in capital							
assets		-		31,413		(31,413)	
Unrestricted		15,319,798		9,943,334		5,376,464	
Total net position	\$	15,319,798	\$	9,974,747	\$	5,345,051	

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission Change in Net position - Component Units Figure 7

	Component Units						
	Business Type Activities						
	2023	2022	Change				
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Interest - program loans	\$ 534,445	\$ 463,191	\$       71,254				
Late charges	6,934	9,570	(2 <i>,</i> 636)				
Loan servicing fees	600,175	508,017	92,158				
Loan processing fees	229,000	350,634	(121,634)				
Bad debt recovery	-	202,563	(202,563)				
Miscellaneous	40,000	217,909	(177,909)				
General revenues:							
Interest	120,296	2,825	117,471				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-				
Grant revenues	5,486,845	160,480	5,326,365				
Total revenues	7,017,695	1,915,189	5,102,506				
Expenses:							
Operating costs	1,350,297	1,380,315	(30,018)				
Bad debts	282,087	85,478	196,609				
Interest	11,791	14,449	(2,658)				
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	28,469	-	28,469				
Total expenses	1,672,644	1,480,242	192,402				
Change in net position	5,345,051	434,947	4,910,104				
Net position - beginning	9,974,747	9,539,800	434,947				
Net position - ending	\$ 15,319,798	\$ 9,974,747	\$ 5,345,051				

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The CUs' total net position increased by \$5,345,051 compared to an increase of \$434,947 for the prior year. A significant portion - \$5,326,365 - of the current year's increase was due to grant revenues received related to a recapitalization grant providing 100% of the funds as well as newly awarded funds for Meat and Poultry loans. Interest from program loans increased by \$71,254 over prior year and late charges were slightly less than the prior year. Servicing fees are a function of the number of 504 loans served during a fiscal year and over time should be an upward trend. The prepayment of a 504 may impact servicing fees received. Processing fees were down \$121,634 compared to a \$611 increase for the prior year. This was due to SBA advancing processing fees at application approval versus when a loan funds in FY22 as those fees were waived for borrowers and paid as part of the COVID-19 relief efforts as well as approvals were down due to an increase in the long-term rates. Processing and servicing fees are a percentage of the Small Business Administration's (SBA) 504 loan amount.

The CU's processed twenty-one (21) new loans for a total of \$6,254,521 during FY23. The CSRA Local Development Corporation (CSRA LDC) lost one (1) loan due to payoff. The CSRA LDC is now receiving servicing fees on one hundred ninety-five (195) loans compared to one hundred ninety-eight (198) the prior year. Servicing fees are received over the life of the loan. The level of servicing fees should be a linear growth over time; however the size of loans closed and the number of prepayments has a significant impact on this growth. Over the past several fiscal years there have been a significant number of payoffs as commercial bank have more capital to lend at a more attractive rate.

Operating expenses increased \$166,591, primarily as a result of an increase of \$196,609 in bad debt expense, an increase of \$33,916 in travel, an increase of \$45,490 in consulting and legal fees, and an increase in administrative services of \$43,634 netted with a decrease of \$142,909 in loan forgiveness and a decrease of \$40,316 in closing costs as compared to prior year. The administrative cost increase is related to an increase in facilities costs due to the office relocation. There were changes in other cost objects, but increases tended to be offset by decreases. The CU's utilize a rating system and reviews all loans annually in calculating the allowance for bad debts. Problem loans are followed closely on a monthly basis by staff.

SBA regulations allow the CSRA LDC to operate anywhere in Georgia and South Carolina. The regulations not only allow the CSRA LDC to compete anywhere in Georgia but also allows other certified development companies (CDC) operating in Georgia to compete in the Commission's operating area. The CSRA LDC continues to make a strong penetration into other areas of Georgia due to continued strong marketing. The CSRA LDC continues to be strong outside its original operating area. During FY23 SBA approved fourteen (14) loans, eight (8) outside the CSRA area compared to twenty-one (21) in FY22 and six (6) inside the core area compared to eleven (11) in FY22.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Commission maintains two governmental funds a *general fund* and *grants and contracts fund*. The focus of the Commission's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Due to the nature of the Commission's operations, the only reconciling items between the GWFS Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet is the net position (\$302,120) of the cost allocation fund (CAF) and net capital assets (\$36,554) included as a governmental activity in the GWFS. The depreciation is the only reconciling item between GWFS Statement of Activities and the governmental funds operating statement. As a result, the information in the governmental funds statement is not significantly different from that in the GWFS. Governmental fund balances increased by \$48,275, adjusted by the depreciation of \$36,550, to arrive at the \$11,725 in the GWFS. The Commission operates its grant and contract fund on a breakeven basis transferring funds as needed from the general fund to cover deficits and transferring the excess of fixed fee revenues over expenditures to the general fund. As a result, the \$48,725 increase in the general fund balances represents the excess of prior year member assessments available to fund current operations.

The Commission's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Factors concerning the operations of the proprietary funds are addressed in the discussion of the Commission's business-type activities. Total indirect costs increased \$110,126 primarily due to an increase in facilities costs of \$59,151 as well as moving costs of \$32,270.

Net position held in trust for participants increased \$809,427 from \$7,078,692 to \$7,888.119. Investment income of \$787,441 was earned in FY23 compared to investment loss of \$1,294,402 for the prior year. This is reflective of the turbulent market conditions since June 30, 2021. Total additions were \$518,050 with payments to participants of \$463,968. During the year the majority of withdrawals were due to severance of employment, resulting in this significant payment.

### CAPITAL ASSETS

The Commission's net capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities (including component units) as of June 30 are \$118,886. These assets include furniture, fixtures, equipment, vehicles, and leasehold improvements as well as net leased assets. Leasehold improvements represent thirty-six percent (36%) of this net. Capital assets are defined by the Commission as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life beyond one year. Most of the Commission's capital purchases are below this threshold. Therefore, over time the Commission's investment in capital assets will generally decline.

Additional information on the Commission's capital assets can be found in note 1.1 and 6 of the basic financial statements.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission Capital Assets (net of depreciation and liabilities) Figure 8

Governm Activiti 23			ness-ty	•		Tot: 2023	al	2022
23			tivitie				al	2022
	2022	2023		2022		2023		2022
13,048	\$ 214,172	\$	- \$	31,413	\$	43,048	\$	245,585
21,804	68,857		-	-		21,804		68,857
33,756	67,511		-	-		33,756		67,511
20,278	5,866		-	-		20,278		5,866
18,886 s	\$ 356,406	\$	- \$	31,413	\$	118,886	\$	387,819
	33,756 20,278	33,756 67,511 20,278 5,866	23,756 67,511 20,278 5,866		23,756 67,511 20,278 5,866	23,756 67,511 20,278 5,866	33,756 67,511 33,756 20,278 5,866 20,278	33,756 67,511 33,756 20,278 5,866 20,278

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING THE COMMISSION'S FUTURE

The Commission's financial position is directly affected by the level of State funding and Federal appropriations available for those activities undertaken by the Commission to assist its members. The Commission derived over seventy-six percent (76%) of its governmental activities' income from Federal and State grants. An additional seventeen percent (17%) of its income is derived from city, county or other grants/contracts. The Commission has seen an increase in funding over the past three years in order to provide services needed due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Commission's continued success is dependent upon its ability to provide services in a wide variety of programmatic areas to meet the needs of its members.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Commission's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Jennifer Sankey, CPA, CFO, at 3626 Walton Way Extension, Suite 1, Augusta, Georgia 30909-6420.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		Р	rimary Governme	Com	ponent Units		
	Governn Activit		Business-type Activities		Total		Combined
ASSETS				-			
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,77	70,379	\$-	\$	3,770,379	\$	6,100,768
Restricted cash		-	-		-		667,214
Receivables, net of allowances							
for uncollectibles	2,22	22,417	-		2,222,417		-
Loans receivable, net		-	7,984		7,984		1,301,055
Due from component units	36	64,401	-		364,401		-
Internal balances		(2,390)	2,390		-		-
Accrued revenue		23,243	-		223,243		-
Other receivable		-	-		-		57,250
Prepaid items	7	79,758	-		79,758		2,193
Total current assets		57,808	10,374		6,668,182		8,128,480
Non-Current Assets:		,	- ,		, -		, _, _,
Non-current portion of loans receivable, net		-	31,963		31,963		11,374,321
Capital assets, net	2.94	19,126	-		2,949,126		-
Security deposits	,-	5,778	-		5,778		
Premium on loan, net		-	-		-		2,842
Total non-current assets	2,95	54,904	31,963		2,986,867		11,377,163
Total assets		12,712	42,337		9,655,049		19,505,643
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION							
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							o ( o =
Accounts payable		5,511	368		2,165,879		3,165
Accrued liabilities Due to primary government	28	95,539	-		295,539		2,238 364,401
Compensated absences payable	31	10.331			310,331		
Unearned revenues		10,881	-		140,881		2,664,880
Notes payable		-	-		-		393,334
Lease liability		30,832			280,832		-
Total current liabilities	3,19	93,094	368		3,193,462		3,428,018
Non-current liabilities:							757 007
Notes payable	-	-	-		-		757,827
Compensated absences payable Lease liability		73,093 19,408	-		73,093 2,549,408		-
Total non-current liabilities		22,501			2,622,501		757,827
Total liabilities	5.0	15 505	368		5,815,963		4,185,845
NET POSITION		15,595			3,013,903		4,100,040
	1.4	18,886	-		118,886		-
Net investment in capital assets	1						
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		78,231	41,969		3,720,200		15,319,798
	3,67		41,969 41,969 \$ 42,337	\$	3,720,200 3,839,086 9,655,049	\$	15,319,798 15,319,798 19,505,643

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

						Program	Reve	enues		Net (Ex	pen	ses) Revenues	and	Changes in N	let Po	sition
											Prir	nary Governme	ent		Cor	nponent Units
				Indirect												
		Direct		Expenses	0	Charges for		Operating	Go	overnmental	В	lusiness-type			Bus	siness lending
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Allocation		Services		Grants		Activities		Activities		Total		services
Primary government																
Governmental activities:																
General government	\$	1,402,726	\$	(1,357,840)	\$	144	\$	-	\$	(44,742)	\$	-	\$	(44,742)	\$	-
Aging services		4,595,635		617,363		20,405		5,086,737		(105,856)		-		(105,856)		-
Workforce		1,501,087		176,525		-		1,535,021		(142,591)		-		(142,591)		-
Planning and zoning services		322,679		63,230		7,103		310,891		(67,915)		-		(67,915)		-
Local government services		447,105		146,451		457,702		4,091		(131,763)		-		(131,763)		-
Economic development support services		104,884		39,015		-		111,404		(32,495)		-		(32,495)		-
Management of local development companies		880,340		312,454		1,100,339		-		(92,455)		-		(92,455)		-
Total governmental activities	_	9,254,456	_	(2,802)	_	1,585,693		7,048,144	_	(617,817)		-	_	(617,817)		-
Business-type activities																
Herman Lodge Micro Loan program		7,139		2,802		4,220		-		-		(5,721)		(5,721)		-
Total business-type activities		7,139		2,802		4,220		-	-	_		(5,721)		(5,721)		-
Total primary government	\$	9,261,595	\$	-	\$	1,589,913	\$	7,048,144		(617,817)	_	(5,721)		(623,538)		-
Component units:																
Business lending services	\$	1,672,644	\$	-	\$	1,410,554	\$	5,486,845		-		-		-		5,224,755
Total component units	\$	1,672,644	\$	-	\$	1,410,554	\$	5,486,845	_	-	_	-	_	-		5,224,755
	Ge	eneral revenues	s:													
		Member asses								564,491		-		564,491		-
		Investment inc	ome	•						65,051		-		65,051		120,296
		Total genera	al rev	venues						629,542	_	-		629,542		120,296
		Change ir	n ne	t position						11,725	_	(5,721)		6,004		5,345,051
	Ne	et position, begi	nnin	ng of year						3,785,392	_	47,690		3,833,082		9,974,747
	Ne	et position, end	of y	ear					\$	3,797,117	\$	41,969	\$	3,839,086	\$	15,319,798

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		General Fund		Grants and Contract Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles Due from other funds Due from component unit Accrued revenue Prepaid items	\$	837 20,080 3,400,775 42,044 -	\$	725 2,175,939 - 322,357 223,243 27,440	\$	1,562 2,196,019 3,400,775 364,401 223,243 27,440
Total assets	\$	3,463,736	\$	2,749,704	\$	6,213,440
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	2,457 446 2,390 -	\$	2,148,123 76 460,624 140,881	\$	2,150,580 522 463,014 140,881
Total liabilities		5,293		2,749,704		2,754,997
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaids Committed: Special aging assessments Assigned: Special aging incentive	\$	- 26,568 2,775	\$	27,440 - -	\$	27,440 26,568 2,775
Unpersistent		2 400 400		(07.440)		2 404 660
Unassigned Total fund balances		3,429,100 3,458,443		(27,440)		3,401,660 3,458,443
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,463,736	\$	2,749,704		0,100,110
<ul> <li>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</li> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.</li> <li>An internal service fund is used by management to charge general and administrative costs.</li> <li>The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.</li> </ul>						
Net position of governmental activities					\$	3,797,117
					,	, - , -

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Grants and Contract Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$-	\$ 7,048,144	\$ 7,048,144
City, county, or other grants/contracts	-	1,544,144	1,544,144
Charges for services	-	41,405	41,405
Member assessments	564,491	-	564,491
Other income	144	-	144
Investment income	65,051	-	65,051
Total revenues	629,686	8,633,693	9,263,379
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	42,255	-	42,255
Aging services	-	5,212,998	5,212,998
Workforce development	-	1,641,062	1,641,062
Planning and zoning services	-	385,909	385,909
Local government services	-	593,556	593,556
Economic development support services	-	143,899	143,899
Management of local development companies	-	1,192,794	1,192,794
Total expenditures	42,255	9,170,218	9,212,473
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	587,431	(536,525)	50,906
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	75,989	617,520	693,509
Transfers out	(615,145)	(80,995)	(696,140)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(539,156)	536,525	(2,631)
Net change in fund balances	48,275	-	48,275
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,410,168		3,410,168
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,458,443	\$ -	\$ 3,458,443

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 48,275
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	 (36,550)
	\$ 11,725

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Enterprise Activities Herman Lodge Micro Loan Program	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$ -	\$ 3,768,817		
Receivables	-	26,398		
Loans receivable	7,984	-		
Due from other funds	2,390	-		
Prepaid items	<u> </u>	52,318		
Total current assets	10,374	3,847,533		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Non-current portion of loans receivable, net of allowances	31,963	-		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	-	2,912,572		
Security deposit		5,778		
Total non-current assets	31,963	2,918,350		
Total assets	42,337	6,765,883		
LIABILITIES				
	200	44.004		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	368	14,931 295,017		
Due to other funds	-	2,940,151		
Compensated absences payable		310,331		
Lease liability - current	-	280,832		
Total current liabilities	368	3,841,262		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Compensated absences payable	-	73,093		
Lease liability - long-term	-	2,549,408		
Total non-current liabilities	-	2,622,501		
Total liabilities	368	6,463,763		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	-	82,332		
Unrestricted	41,969	219,788		
Total net position	41,969	302,120		
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 42,337	\$ 6,765,883		

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Enterpri Activitie	Governmental Activities		
	Herman Lodg Loan Prog			nal Service Fund
Operating revenues				
Interest from program loans	\$	4,166	\$	-
Late charges		54		-
Charges for services		-		1,897,661
Total operating revenues		4,220		1,897,661
Operating expenses				
Personal services		6,129		775,921
Travel		-		13,805
Supplies		-		48,687
Equipment (not capitalized)		-		6,860
Professional fees		-		195,142
Telecommunications		-		28,673
Maintenance and upkeep - equipment and building		-		38,855
Utilities		-		22,642
Insurance		-		26,022
Dues, subscriptions and publications		368		4,115
Rentals - other than real estate		-		(4,200)
Rentals - real estate		-		38,416
Moving expenses		-		32,270
Postage and freight		-		6,510
Temporary personnel services		-		7,992
Cost allocation plan		2,802		2,485
Facilities cost		642		141,140
Depreciation		-		32,630
Errors and omissions		-		33
Amortization		-		209,730
Total operating expenses		9,941		1,627,728
Operating income (loss)		(5,721)		269,933
Non operating expenses				
Non-operating expenses Loss on disposal of assets				(227 240)
Interest expense		-		(237,319) (35,245)
Total non-operating expenses				(272,564)
Total non-operating expenses		<u> </u>		(272,504)
Loss before transfers		(5,721)		(2,631)
Transfers in		-		2,631
Change in net position		(5,721)		-
Net position, beginning of year		47,690		302,120
Net position, end of year	\$	41,969	\$	302,120

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Mic	nan Lodge cro Loan rogram	 overnmental Activities ernal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Program loan principal repaid Receipts for interfund services provided Payments for employee services and benefits Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments for interfund services used Receipts from other funds for operating transactions Payments to other funds for operating transactions Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	4,108 8,034 - (6,129) (643) (2,802) 9,702 (12,270) -	\$ - 1,897,661 (799,004) (737,155) - 10,627,186 (10,453,632) 535,056
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in		<u> </u>	 2,631
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		-	 2,631
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets Principal payments on lease liabilities Interest paid		- - -	(49,668) (229,040) (35,247)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		-	 (313,955)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		-	223,732
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year			 3,545,085
End of year	\$	-	\$ 3,768,817

(Continued)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Mi	nan Lodge cro Loan rogram	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund			
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(5,721)	\$	269,933		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Amortization expense		-		209,730		
Depreciation expense		-		32,630		
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Receivable - other		(112)		(15,643)		
Loans receivable		8,033		-		
Due from/to other funds		(2,568)		173,553		
Prepaid expenses		-		(10,521)		
Accounts payable		368		(21,572)		
Accrued expenses		-		(79,971)		
Compensated absences payable		-		(23,083)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$		\$	535,056		
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities						
Acquisition of right-to-use lease assets	\$	-	\$	(2,770,430)		
Proceeds from lease liabilities	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	2,770,430		
Net noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	-	\$	, ,		

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS		Employee irement Plan	Flexible Compensation Plan - Custodial Fur				
Accounts receivable	\$	13,528	\$	446			
Other receivable	φ	13,520	Ψ	637			
Total receivables		13,528		1,083			
Investments, at fair value:							
Money market mutual funds		46,489		-			
Fixed income mutual funds		674,139		-			
Balanced mutual funds		232,206		-			
Lifestyle balanced mutual funds		4,213,016		-			
Equity mutual funds		2,708,741		-			
Total investments		7,874,591		-			
Total assets	\$	7,888,119	\$	1,083			
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,083			
Total liabilities				1,083			
NET POSITION							
Net position restricted for pension benefits	\$	7,888,119	\$	-			

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

ADDITIONS	Employee Retirement Plan			exible pensation istodial Fund
Employer contributions	\$	518,050	\$	2,632
Employee contributions		-		25,096
Investment income		787,441		-
Total additons		1,305,491		27,728
DEDUCTIONS				
Fees		32,096		-
Payments to participants		463,968		27,728
Total deductions		496,064		27,728
Change in net position		809,427		-
Net position, beginning of year		7,078,692		
Net position, end of year	\$	7,888,119	\$	<u> </u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of the Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission (the "Commission") and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by member assessments, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the Commission is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### B. Reporting Entity

The Commission succeeded the former Central Savannah River Area Regional Development Center (the "Center") effective July 1, 2009. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §50-8-41 provided for this succession. All contractual obligations to employees, other duties, rights, and benefits of the Center automatically became duties, obligations, rights, and benefits of the successor Commission.

The Commission is a special purpose local government existing under the authority of Georgia law as provided for by the O.C.G.A. §50-8-41. The responsibilities and authority of the Commission are contained in §50-8-30 through §50-8-67 of O.C.G.A. The Commission assists local governments in planning for common needs, cooperating for mutual benefit, and coordinating for sound regional development and is the designated Area on Aging Agency ("AAA") for the local area. Membership assessments, federal, state, local, and private grants/contracts finance operations of the Commission. Grants from federal, state, and other sources are the primary sources of revenues permitting the Commission to meet its responsibilities.

County members of the Commission are Burke, Columbia, Glascock, Hancock, Jefferson, Jenkins, Lincoln, McDuffie, Richmond, Taliaferro, Warren, Washington, and Wilkes Counties. Municipalities members are: Waynesboro, Midville, Sardis, Girard, Keysville, Grovetown, Harlem, Gibson, Edge Hill, Mitchell, Sparta, Louisville, Wrens, Wadley, Stapleton, Bartow, Avera, Millen, Lincolnton, Thomson, Dearing, Hephzibah, Blythe, Crawfordville, Sharon, Warrenton, Norwood, Camak, Davisboro, Deepstep, Harrison, Oconee, Riddleville, Sandersville, Tennille, Washington, Tignall, and Rayle. As provided by law these members pay mandatory dues in support of the Commission (see Note 9.A).

## B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Commission is fiscally independent of other state and local government units and as such is considered a primary government. The Commission's financial statements include the accounts of all the Commission's operations and its component units ("CU"s), entities for which the Commission is considered financially accountable.

CSRA Resource Development Agency, Inc., CSRA Local Development Corporation, Inc., CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc., and Georgia Community Reinvestment Fund, Inc. are included as CUs. The Commission's Council (board of directors) appoints and has the authority to remove at will the directors of each corporation. These separate organizations do meet the financial accountability criteria described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement 14, as amended by GASBs 39 and 61 and are included. The nature and significance of the relationship of these separate organizations with the Commission are such that exclusion would cause the Commission's financial statements to be incomplete. The Georgia Attorney General in his Official Opinion 96-8 dated May 9, 1996, stated, "It is my official opinion that an RDC [Center] lacks authority to abrogate its duty to be accountable for the nonprofit corporations it is authorized to create."

The CUs are discretely presented, meaning their combined totals are reported in a separate column in the government wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the Commission. Combining statements are included in the supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements. Each CU is operated and administered under a contractual arrangement with the Commission. The president, executive vice president, and assistant secretary of each of the CUs are employees of the Commission and receive no compensation directly from the CUs. The CUs do not issue separate financial statements.

## B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The CSRA Resource Development Agency, Inc. ("CSRA RDA") was organized pursuant to the Georgia Nonprofit Corporation Code ("GNPCC") on October 24, 1979 and is exempt from income taxes under Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") Section 501(c)(3). CSRA RDA's principal objective and purpose is to operate a revolving loan fund. CSRA RDA makes loans to eligible applicants in areas exhibiting long-term economic deterioration. CSRA RDA's initial capitalization of \$1,000,000 was obtained through a grant from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Economic Development Administration. CSRA RDA received an additional \$1,500,000 capitalization through a grant from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Economic Development Administration in October 2017, which required a combined 50% match from the reporting government and CSRA Local Development Corporation, Inc. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, CSRA RDA applied for and received an additional investment of \$3,380,000 for a Revolving Loan Fund, as well as an additional \$338,000 in administrative funds from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Economic Development Administration. In September 2022, CSRA RDA applied for and received an additional investment of \$2,679,935 for the Revolving Loan Fund for the U.S. Department of Commerce, Economic Development Administration.

The CSRA Local Development Corporation Inc., ("CSRA LDC") a U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") Certified Development Company ("CDC") was organized pursuant to the GNPCC on February 3, 1981 and is exempt from income taxes under IRC Section 501(c)(3). CSRA LDC's principal purpose is to assist eligible businesses with financing to maintain and/or create jobs. CSRA LDC provides financing assistance by packaging loans through the SBA's 504 and 7A Guaranteed Loan Programs. CSRA LDC provides loans backed by a 100% SBA-guaranteed debenture with a junior lien covering up to 40% of the total project cost. CSRA LDC also operates a direct loan program utilizing excess fees generated from its 504 program. See Note 5.

The CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc. ("CSRA RLA") was organized pursuant to the GNPCC on December 11, 1990 and is exempt from income taxes under IRC Section 501(c)(3). CSRA RLA's purpose is to operate an intermediary relending program (revolving loan program) and to make loans to eligible applicants in rural areas. CSRA RLA is capitalized with low interest loans from the Farmers Home Administration ("FHA") Intermediary Relending Program.

The Georgia Community Reinvestment Fund, Inc. ("GCRF") was organized pursuant to the GNPCC on February 21, 2020 and is exempt from income taxes under IRC Section 501 (c)(3). GCRF's is an affiliated non-profit of CSRA LDC whose purpose is to assist predominately low income communities by applying for Community Development Entity ("CDE") status under Treasury's CDFI program with the intent of applying for and obtaining Georgia controlled new market tax credits targeted at rural Georgia and metropolitan areas outside of Atlanta.

## C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government and distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the Commission. Governmental activities are financed through member assessments, intergovernmental revenues (grants and contracts), and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Commission and for each function of the Commission's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include: (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, member assessments and interest, are presented as general revenues.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

## D. Basis Of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Commission's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds. In addition to the general fund the Commission has only one other governmental fund.

Proprietary fund operation revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is used to account for all non-specific financial resources and those not accounted for in other funds. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Georgia.

#### D. Basis Of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Grants and Contracts Fund is used to account for all the Commission's grants and contracts undertaken to carry out the functional responsibilities of the Commission. Within this fund, the Commission maintains records on a functional level.

The Commission reports the following major proprietary funds.

Herman Lodge Micro Loan Program is an enterprise fund used to account for revenues and expenses resulting from the operation of a micro revolving loan fund created by the Commission as a result of a Rural Enterprise Grant from United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") Rural Economic and Community Development.

Additionally, the Commission reports the following funds:

The Cost Allocation Fund ("CAF") is an internal service fund used to account for indirect costs, payroll and fringe benefit payments and their allocation, other cost allocations, and the receipt and disbursement of all the Commission's funds. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the Cost Allocation Fund is reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The Pension Trust Fund is a fiduciary fund used to account for the resources held for the benefit of participants in the Commission's money purchase pension plan.

Custodial funds are custodial in nature and use the economic resources measurement focus. The Commission uses a custodial fund to account for assets it holds on behalf of others. The Flexible Compensation Plan Fund accounts for the funds used for flex medical and dependent care costs for employees of the Commission in accordance with IRS regulations.

During the course of operations, the Commission has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

#### D. Basis Of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Commission gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include member assessments and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from member assessments is recognized at July 1 of each fiscal year. Revenue from grants and reimbursable contracts is recognized when program expenditures are incurred in accordance with program guidelines.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges for services provided and intergovernmental grants and contracts. General revenues include member assessments, other miscellaneous income, and investment income.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Commission's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services and interest earned on program loans, as distinguished from interest earned on funds on deposit. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period. The Commission considers all revenues available if they are collected within 150 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Revenues of the Commission's governmental funds susceptible to accrual are member assessments, interest, and the earned portion of grant and contracts. Grant and contract revenues are recognized when program expenditures are incurred in accordance with program guidelines. Such revenues are subject to review by the funding agency and may result in disallowance in subsequent periods. Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. It is the Commission's policy to first apply costreimbursement grant resources, followed by local grants or contracts, and then by general revenues.

## F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Commission's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The local government investment pool, "Georgia Fund 1," created by O.C.G.A. §36-83-8, is a stable asset value investment pool, which follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds and is regulated by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1 per share value). The asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed based on \$1 per share. The pool also adjusts the value of its investments to fair market value as of year-end and the Commission's investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is reported at fair value. The Commission considers amounts held in Georgia Fund 1 as cash equivalents for financial statement presentation. See Note 4.A.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### G. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is determined as follows: short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value; securities traded on national exchanges are valued at current prices or current prices of similar securities; securities for which an established market does not exist are reported at estimated fair value using selling prices for similar investments for which there is an active market.

The Commission is authorized to invest in the following: obligations issued by the State of Georgia or by other states, obligations issued by the United States government, obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or a United States government agency, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, prime banker's acceptances, the Georgia Fund 1, repurchase agreements, and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

The Commission does not have a formal policy regarding investment policies that address credit risks, custodial credit risks, concentration of credit risks, interest rate risks or foreign currency risks.

The Pension Trust Fund is authorized to invest in securities consistent with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA") prudency and diversity of risk standards. The Pension Trust's investment in mutual funds involves the Commission indirectly in derivatives. However, information relating to the nature and purpose of the derivative transactions or the Commission's exposure to credit risk, market risk, and legal risk is not available.

#### H. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Even though the Commission has some expendable supplies (e.g., office and computer supplies) on hand at June 30, the quantities and dollar values were not material. Accordingly, none is shown on the statement of net position at that date. The cost of supplies is recorded as expenditure at the time that the individual items are purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I. Capital Assets

The Commission defines capital assets and right to use leased assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Purchased capital assets and right to use leased assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The Commission is not an organization type that is authorized to accept donated assets of any description or type. Capital assets of the Commission consist of vehicles, furniture, fixtures, and equipment. The Commission has no public domain or infrastructure capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. A summary of the estimated useful lives is as follows for capital and right to use leased assets:

Vehicles	4 – 5 years
Office Equipment	5 – 10 years
Right-to-use leased equipment	5 – 10 years
Computer equipment	3 – 7 years
Leasehold improvements	Initial term of lease (15 years)
Right-to-use leased building	Initial term of lease (15 years)

#### J. Compensated Absences

The Commission created Paid Time Off ("PTO"), effective July 1, 2002, to replace vacation and sick leave. The new policy allowed existing employees to retain their unused sick leave at June 30, 2002 and use as needed until exhausted. The paid time off policy of the Commission provides for the accumulation of up to 400 hours of PTO at December 31. Hours accumulate at the rate of 5.5 - 8.6 hours biweekly, depending upon the years of service. The employee's right to receive compensation for PTO vests bi-weekly as earned and is used through paid time off or cash payment at termination or retirement. For the Commission's government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as PTO is earned. The Commission has assumed a first-in/first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

No accrual has been established for accumulated sick leave of employees since it is the Commission's policy to record the cost of sick leave only when it is used. However, at June 30 the value of unused sick leave was \$85,317.

#### K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

#### L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows Of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Commission does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Commission does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

#### M. Fund Balance

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Non-spendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form or because it is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by either Council through approval of resolutions. Assigned fund balance is a limitation imposed by either Council or the executive director with the intent to be used for a specific purpose(s) and is neither restricted nor committed. Any excess of revenue over expenses for a particular program's activities will be transferred to the general fund and assigned to that particular purpose for future periods. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is the Commission's policy to consider restricted fund balance. When the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### M. Fund Balance (Continued)

The General Fund is the only fund that reports positive unassigned fund balance. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, a negative unassigned fund balance is reported. Fund balance for all other reporting is classified as fund net position. The Commission maintains a policy that unrestricted net position be equal to or greater than 25% of the primary government's net position.

#### N. Direct Costs and Allocation of Indirect Costs and Employee Benefits

Costs that can be identified specifically with a particular grant, contract, or project are considered direct costs and are charged directly to the applicable grant, contract, or project. Costs that are incurred for a common or joint purpose benefiting more than one program or activity are considered indirect costs.

Indirect costs are recorded as separate activity in the currency adjustment factor ("CAF") and allocated to all grants, contracts, and projects in accordance with Office of Management and Budget ("*OMB*") 2 C.F.R. Part 200. Recoveries of these costs are recorded as operating revenues in the CAF and as expenditures or expenses in the paying fund. Costs not considered allowable under the Commission's cost allocation plan are excluded from the cost allocation process and create an operating deficit in the fund. When this occurs, funds are transferred from the General Fund to the CAF to cover the deficit created as the intent is for the activity to operate on a break-even basis.

The Commission's indirect costs are allocated monthly to grants, contracts and projects using direct chargeable personnel costs as the allocation base. Total indirect costs incurred by the Commission for the year were \$1,360,471 and allocated for the year were \$1,357,840. The allocation base of direct chargeable personnel costs was \$3,138,444; the effective indirect cost rate was 43.26%.

The Commission's employee benefits are also allocated monthly to grants, contracts, and projects as a percentage of salaries. The Commission incurred total fringe benefits of \$1,268,388 for the year. The allocation base of direct chargeable salaries was \$2,645,976; the effective fringe benefit rate was 47.94%.

The Commission maintains a cost allocation plan in support of its fringe benefit and indirect cost allocation methodologies.

## N. Direct Costs and Allocation of Indirect Costs and Employee Benefits (Continued)

All costs related to the lease of the Commission's space, utilities, upkeep, and depreciation of leasehold improvements (considered collectively as facilities cost) are recorded in a separate activity in the CAF and are allocated to the Commission's functional activities based on square footage occupied by that activity. These costs are allocated monthly. Recoveries of these costs are recorded as operating revenues in the CAF and as expenditures or expenses in the paying fund. Funds are transferred from the General Fund to the CAF to cover the deficit created as the intent is for the activity to operate on a break-even basis. Total facilities cost for the year were \$539,821.

## O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### P. Leases

#### Lessee

The Commission is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment and vehicles. The Commission recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements. The Commission recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the Commission initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

#### P. Leases (Continued)

#### Lessee (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Commission determines: 1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, 2) lease term, and 3) lease payments:

- The Commission uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Commission generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option prices that the Commission is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Commission monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

## Q. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement

The Commission has considered the concepts and implications of GASB Statement No. 96 and determined that the Commission does not have any arrangements that fall under the provisions of the statement.

## NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement Of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Property and equipment - Trailers for Workforce Development	\$ 13,982
Less: Accumulated depreciation - property and equipment	(11,184)
Vehicles - Mobile Classroom RV for Workforce Development	168,778
Less: Accumulated depreciation - vehicles	 (135,022)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ 36,554

#### NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

An internal operating budget for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and Internal Service Fund is prepared by the Commission for management purposes. The budget is not subject to review or approval by the Legislature of the State of Georgia and, therefore, is a non-appropriated budget.

#### B. Boundary of Operations

The O.C.G.A. §50-8-32 provides that the Commission's jurisdiction and authority is limited to defined regional boundaries as specified by O.C.G.A. §50-8-4 and is denoted as Region 7.

However, the Georgia Department of Human Services ("DHS"), Division of Aging Services continues to recognize Screven County as being in the program service area of the Commission. Therefore, the Commission is required by the terms of its agreements with DHS to continue operating its Aging and Transportation programs in Screven County. O.C.G.A. §50-8-35(a)(2) provides that a commission may contract with any state agency for coordinated and comprehensive planning covering areas not within the territorial boundaries with approval of that contract by the regional commission's council.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

At June 30, 2023 the Commission's cash and cash equivalents balance on the balance sheet included demand deposits and its investment in Georgia Fund 1. At June 30, 2023 the cash and investments included the following:

Primary Government - Commission		
General Fund		
Petty cash	\$ 837	
Total General Fund		\$ 837
Special Revenue Fund		
Petty cash	\$ 25	
Demand deposits	700	
Total Special Revenue Fund		725
Cost Allocation Fund		
Petty cash	\$ 51	
Demand deposits	2,573,568	
Georgia Fund 1	 1,195,198	
Total Cost Allocation Fund		 3,768,817
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 3,770,379
Component Units		
Enterprise Funds - demand deposits	\$ 6,100,768	
Enterprise Funds - restricted cash	 667,214	
Total Component Units		\$ 6,767,982

*Custodial credit risk – deposits.* Custodian credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits or its CUs' deposits may not be returned to it. Neither the government nor its CUs has a deposit policy for custodian risk. However, both the Commission and its CUs follow state law requiring pledges of collateral from depository institutions.

As of June 30, 2023 the carrying amount of the Commission's deposits with financial institutions was \$2,573,568 and the bank balance was \$2,621,368. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance and \$2,371,368 was collateralized by securities in a Federal Reserve pledge account. Therefore, the Commission's deposits are not subject to custodial credit risk.

## NOTE 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

*Custodial credit risk – deposits* (Continued). As of June 30, the carrying amount of the CUs' deposits with financial institutions was \$6,766,579 and the bank balance was \$6,771,580. Of the bank balance, \$1,051,785 was covered by Federal depository insurance and \$5,728,305 was collateralized by a group of securities pledged by a group of financial institutions for providing common collateral for their deposits of public funds. The pool has the ability to make additional assessments. Therefore, the CUs' deposits are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Investment Type	F	air Value	Weighted Average Quality	Weighted Average Maturity
Primary Government: Pension Trust Fund:				
Money market mutual funds	\$	46,489	NA	NA
Fixed income mutual funds		674,139	NA	NA
Balanced mutual funds		232,206	NA	NA
Lifestyle balanced mutual funds		4,213,016	NA	NA
Equity mutual funds		2,708,741	NA	NA
Total Pension Trust Fund		7,874,591		
Total investments	\$	7,874,591		

As of June 30, 2023 the Commission had the following investments:

*Interest rate risk.* Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of investments. The Commission does not have formal policy for managing interest rate risk.

*Credit Quality Risk.* Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Commission does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk.

**Concentration of Credit Risk.** Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Commission does not have a formal policy for managing concentration of credit risk.

## NOTE 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

*Custodial Credit Risk.* Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Commission will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Commission does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023, the Commission does not hold any investments subject to custodial credit risk.

*Fair Value Measurements.* The Commission categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Commission has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

Investment	Level 1	Level 2	Lev	vel 3	Fair Value		
Money market mutual funds	\$ 46,489	9 \$ -	- \$	-	\$ 46,489		
Fixed income mutual funds	674,139	) .	-	-	674,139		
Balanced mutual funds	232,206	· ·	-	-	232,206		
Equity mutual funds	4,213,016	· ·	-	-	4,213,016		
Lifestyle balanced mutual funds	2,708,741	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		2,708,741		
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 7,874,591	<u> </u>	<u></u>		\$ 7,874,591		
Total Investments - Primary Government					\$ 7,874,591		

The money market mutual funds, fixed income, equity, and lifestyle balanced mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments. The Georgia Fund 1 is an investment pool, which does not meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 79 and is thus valued at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. As a result, the Commission does not disclose investment in the Georgia Fund 1 within the fair value hierarchy.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## B. Accounts Receivable, Accounts Payable and Unearned Revenues

A summary detail follows as of June 30, 2023:

	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Payable	Unearned Revenue
Primary Government			
Governmental Activities:			
Area Agency on Aging Local Funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,603
Augusta Regional Development Alliance members	-	-	26,056
GA Dept of Community Health, Contract #2017006,			
Amendment 6	192,790	-	-
GA Dept. of Economic Development	28,734	-	-
GA Dept. of Economic Development - Workforce			
Division	262,750	-	-
GA Dept. of Human Services - Part B Caregiver			
Education Contract #42700-373-0000011928 (FY12)	-	293	-
GA Dept. of Human Services, Chronic Disease Self-			
Management Program Contract #427-93-ARRA09012-99	-	3,944	-
GA Dept. of Human Services,			
Contract #42700-373-0000020961 (FY14)	-	160,113	-
GA Dept. of Human Services, Coordinated Transportation			
Contract #42700-362-000005517 (FY11)	-	14,651	-
GA Dept. of Human Services, Multi-Funded Aging Services			
Contract #427000-373-0000004858 (FY11)	-	178,395	-
GA Dept. of Human Services, Multi-Funded Aging Services			
Contract #427-93-10100158-99 (FY10)	-	179,097	-
GA Dept. of Human Services, Multi-Funded Aging Services			
Contract #427000-373-0000008190 (FY12)	-	96,460	-
GA Dept. of Human Services, Multi-Funded Aging Services			
Contract #427000-373-0000012740 (FY13)	-	174,542	-
GA Dept. of Human Services, Multi-Funded Aging Services			
Contract #42700-373-0000030572 (FY15)	-	290,680	-

## NOTE 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# B. Accounts Receivable, Accounts Payable and Unearned Revenues (Continued)

	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Payable	Unearned Revenue	
Primary Government (Continued)				
Governmental Activities (Continued):				
GA Dept. of Human Services, Multi-Funded Aging Services				
Contract #42700-373-0000106930 (FY23)	\$ 1,129,477	\$-	\$-	
GA Dept. of Human Services, HDC5				
Contract #42700-373-0000101630 (FY23)	80,357	-	-	
GA Dept. of Human Services, ARPA Services				
Contract #42700-373-0000106744 (FY22)	234,982	-	-	
GA Dept. of Transportation, Contract #IGTA2100666	35	-	-	
GA Dept. of Transportation, Surface Transportation Funds				
PI #0018411	6,147	-	-	
GA Dept. of Commuity Affairs, Planning Contract FY22	-	-	-	
US DOD, Office of Economic Adjustment,				
Grant HQ0052010061	22,748	-	-	
US DOD, Office of Economic Adjustment,				
Grant HQ0052310012	11,519	-	-	
Member governments - assessments	19,997	-	-	
Member governments - CDBG administration	167,049	-	97,222	
Member governments - other	21,125	-	-	
Other - travel advances	906	-	-	
Other governmental entities	17,728	-	-	
Various - vendors and service providers	26,073	1,067,336	-	
Governmental Activities	2,222,417	2,165,511	140,881	
Business-type Activities:				
Various - vendors and service providers	-	368	-	
Business-type Activities		368	-	
Primary Government	\$ 2,222,417	\$ 2,165,879	\$ 140,881	
Component Units:				
Various - vendors and service providers	\$ -	\$ 3,425	\$ 706	
Component Units	\$ -	\$ 3,425	\$ 706	

#### NOTE 5. LOANS RECEIVABLE

#### A. Herman Lodge Micro Loan Program

The Commission makes loans to eligible small businesses through its Micro Loan Program ("MLP") Fund. The MLP has a loan portfolio of two notes with maturities ranging from 4 to 8 years and interest rates ranging from 4.75% to 5.75% with an average rate of 5.25%.

At June 30, 2023 MLP was not committed to any loans.

#### B. Component Units

Loans are made to eligible small businesses through the Commission's Revolving Loan Programs known collectively CSRA Business Lending operated by the CSRA Resource Development Agency, Inc., the CSRA Local Development Corp. Inc., and the CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc.

The CSRA Resource Development Agency, Inc. consists of three loan portfolios (Fund 1, Fund 2, and Fund 3). Fund 1 is a loan portfolio of thirteen notes with maturities ranging from less than 1 year to 14 years and interest rates ranging from 2.50% to 6.25% with an average rate of 5.70%. Fund 2 is a loan portfolio of fifteen notes with maturities ranging from less than 1 year to 14 years and interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 6.25% with an average rate of 5.30%. Fund 3 is a loan portfolio of thirty-two notes with maturities ranging from 5 years to 14 years and interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 6.25% with an average rate of 4.73%.

At June 30, 2023 CSRA Resource Development Agency, Inc., Fund 1 was not committed to any loans, Fund 2 was not committed to any loans, and Fund 3 was committed to loans of \$916,765.

The CSRA Local Development Corp., Inc. has a loan portfolio of 10 notes with maturities ranging from less than 1 year to 14 years and interest rates ranging from 4.75% to 5.75% with an average rate of 5.30%.

At June 30, 2023 CSRA Local Development Corp., Inc. was committed to loans of \$138,000.

The CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc. has a loan portfolio of 20 notes with maturities ranging from less than 1 year to 13 years and interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 6.75% with an average rate of 5.80%. All of these loans are assigned with recourse to the USDA – Rural Development as collateral for the CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc. notes payable.

At June 30, 2023 CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc. was committed to loans of \$244,000.

#### NOTE 5. LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

#### B. Component Units (Continued)

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts – The provision for doubtful accounts is considered adequate to provide for potential losses in the portfolio. Management's evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on a review of individual loans, recent loss exposure, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of the borrowers, value of underlying collateral, and other factors. After additional provisions for bad debts based on the uncertainty of economic conditions due to COVID-19, management believes the allowances are adequate.

		Primary Government Component Units											
-	Business Type Activities		Dev	A Resource relopment ency, Inc.	Dev	RA Local relopment rporation, Inc.	CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc.			Total			
Balance, beginning of year Provision for bad	\$	32,550	\$	291,925	\$	111,753	\$	342,680	\$	746,358			
debts Balance, end of year	\$	- 32,550	\$	193,241 485,166	\$	- 111,753	\$	88,846 431,526	\$	282,087 1,028,445			

## NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 follows:

#### A. Primary Government

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Transfers		Ending Balance	
Primary Government: Governmental activities:										
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Leasehold improvements	\$	401,906	\$	43,766	\$	(401,906)	\$	-	\$	43,766
Property and equipment		266,741		5,902		(79,232)		-		193,411
Vehicles		168,778		-		-		-		168,778
Total		837,425		49,668		(481,138)		-		405,955
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Leasehold improvements		(187,734)		(20,986)		208,002		-		(718)
Property and equipment		(197,884)		(14,439)		40,716		-		(171,607)
Vehicles		(101,267)		(33,755)		-		-		(135,022)
Total		(486,885)		(69,180)		248,718		-		(307,347)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	350,540	\$	(19,512)	\$	(232,420)	\$	-		98,608
Leased assets, net (Note 6.C)										2,850,518
									\$	2,949,126

## B. Component Units

	Beginning Balance		Increases Decrea		ecreases	reases Transfers		Ending Balance		
Component Units: Business-type activities:										
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Leasehold improvements	\$	58,902	\$	-	\$	(58,902)	\$	-	\$	-
Property and equipment		16,908		-		-		-		16,908
Total		75,810		-		(58,902)		-		16,908
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Land improvements		(27,489)		(2,945)		30,434		-		-
Machinery and equipment		(16,908)		-		-		-		(16,908)
Total		(44,397)		(2,945)		30,434		-		(16,908)
Capital assets being depreciated, net		31,413		(2,945)		(28,468)		-		-
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	31,413	\$	(2,945)	\$	(28,468)	\$	-	\$	-

The general government depreciation of \$32,630 is allocated to all functions through the Commission's indirect cost and facilities cost allocations. The remaining depreciation of \$36,550 is the result of capital assets used in governmental activities which are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds.

#### NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

#### C. Leases

#### Lessee – Lease Assets

The Commission entered into a building lease in April of 2023 for a term of 15 years, renewable annually. The cost of the building is recorded at \$2,797,157 and is recorded as a right-to-use leased asset. The asset will be amortized over the 15 year life of the lease.

A summary of lease asset activity for the Commission for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	E	Beginning							Ending
	Balance		Increases		Decreases		Remeasure		 Balance
Leased assets:									
Buildings	\$	1,993,308	\$	2,797,157	\$	(1,993,308)	\$	-	\$ 2,797,157
Equipment		189,944		-		-		-	 189,944
Total leased assets		2,183,252		2,797,157		(1,993,308)			 2,987,101
Less accumulated									
amortization for:									
Buildings		(1,005,678)		(146,285)		1,105,343		-	(46,620)
Equipment		(53,244)		(37,989)		-		1,270	 (89,963)
Total accumulated amortization		(1,058,922)		(184,274)		1,105,343		1,270	 (136,583)
Total leased equipment									
and buildings, net	\$	1,124,330	\$	2,612,883	\$	(887,965)	\$	1,270	\$ 2,850,518

# NOTE 7. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Interfund					
	Re	eceivables	Payable			
Primary Government:						
General Fund:						
Due from Grants and Contracts Fund	\$	460,624	\$	-		
Due from Cost Allocation Fund		2,940,151		-		
Due to Herman Lodge MLP		_		2,390		
Total General Fund		3,400,775		2,390		
Grants and Contracts Fund:						
Due to General Fund				460,624		
Herman Lodge MLP:						
Due from General Fund		2,390		_		
Cost Allocation Fund:						
Due to General Fund		-		2,940,151		
Total Primary Government	\$	3,403,165	\$	3,403,165		

The outstanding balances between funds result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements and as "internal balances" on the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Transfers In:											
Transfers Out: General Fu		eral Fund	Grants and Contracts Fund			Allocation Fund	Total					
General Fund Grants and Contracts Fund	\$	- 75,989	\$	615,145 2,375	\$	- 2.631	\$	615,145 80,995				
Total Transfers	\$	75,989	\$	617,520	\$	2,631	\$	696,140				

Transfers are used to: 1) move unrestricted general funds to subsidize various activities whose operating cost exceeds revenues or as matching funds for various grant programs, 2) move the excess revenues from a fixed fee activity to the general fund, and 3) move interest earned in the cost allocation fund to the general fund. Local matching funds are shown as transfers from the general fund to the special revenue fund.

### NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### A. Notes Payable

#### 1) Component Units – Notes Payable:

**Note 1:** CSRA RLA executed a second loan agreement on July 26, 1994 with USDA RD to borrow an additional \$1,000,000. Interest accrues at the rate of 1% per annum with payments of \$39,900 beginning January 1, 1996 and continuing until July 26, 2024.

**Note 2:** The CSRA RLA executed an assumption agreement on July 31, 1998 with Georgia Department of Community Affairs f/k/a GHFA Economic Financing Inc. ("DCA") and USDA RD conferring to the CSRA RLA the rights and obligations under the note dated May 26, 1994. The principal balance of the note on July 31, 1998 was \$1,918,935 and at that time, \$1,487,500 of the principal remained to draw. Interest accrues at the rate of 1% per annum with payments of \$84,900 beginning January 1, 2002 and continuing until May 26, 2024. Prior to the assumption DCA received \$512,500 of the loan committed and repaid \$81,065. See A.2 Premium on Loan following.

**Note 3:** CSRA RLA executed a fifth agreement on June 26, 2001 with USDA RD to borrow an additional \$750,000. Interest only was due on the note for the first three years. Interest accrues at the rate of 1% per annum with payments of \$31,834 beginning June 26, 2005 and continuing until June 26, 2031.

**Note 4:** CSRA RLA executed a sixth agreement on June 25, 2018 with USDA RD to borrow an additional \$603,120. Interest only was due on the note for the first three years. Interest accrues at the rate of 1% per annum with payments of \$25,602 beginning June 15, 2021 and continuing until June 15, 2048.

Funds from these loans capitalized the Intermediary Relending Program ("IRP") to provide a revolving loan fund for qualified borrowers.

The CSRA RLA, Inc. has pledged as collateral the balance of all loans receivable resulting from the re-lending of the proceeds of these notes and all other real and personal property of the CSRA RLA, Inc. In the event of a default, the USDA RD may declare all or any portion of the debt and interest created to be immediately due and payable and may proceed to enforce its rights under the related agreements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

# A. Notes Payable (Continued)

#### 2) Component Units – Premium on assumption of USDA note:

Premium on Loan (Note 3): As part of the assumption agreement, CSRA RLA assumed three loans made by DCA from the \$512,500 proceeds. The transaction resulted in the CSRA RLA paying a \$73,890 premium for the right to assume the loan from DCA. This premium is being amortized over the term of the note. This premium was what the CSRA RLA, Inc. paid to the DCA to assume the remaining proceeds on the original loan from USDA. This premium is not related to or part of the note agreement with USDA and, therefore, is not reported as a premium related to debt:

Value of loans receivable assumed from DCA at July 1, 1998	\$ 357,545
Loan proceeds remaining to draw on USDA loan at July 1, 1998	 1,487,500
Value of assets assumed from DCA at July 1, 1998	1,845,045
Note payable obligation assumed from DCA	 (1,918,935)
Premium on loan assumed	73,890
Accumulated amortization	 71,048
Carrying value at year-end	\$ 2,842

A summary of long-term debt activity as of June 30, 2023 follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	Due Within One Year
Primary Government Internal Service Fund:					
Annual leave	\$ 406,507	\$ 331,105	\$ (354,188)	\$ 383,424	\$ 310,331
	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	Due Within One Year
Component Units:					
CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc. Notes Payable	\$ 1,320,199	\$ -	\$ (169,038)	\$ 1,151,161	\$ 393,334

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### A. Notes Payable (Continued)

#### 2) Component Units – Premium on assumption of USDA note (Continued):

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term obligations including interest follow:

Component Units									
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest						
2024	\$	393,334	\$	11,512					
2025		49,862		7,578					
2026		50,360		7,080					
2027		50,864		6,576					
2028		51,373		6,067					
2029 – 2033		200,674		22,850					
2034 – 2038		112,494		15,518					
2039 – 2043		118,233		9,780					
2044 – 2048		123,967		3,749					
Total	\$	1,151,161	\$	90,710					

### B. Accounting Treatment for 504 Loans and Debentures

SBA 504 loans and debentures are not presented in the financial statements of the CSRA LDC. As of June 30, 2023 the balance of 504 loans outstanding is \$91,779,141.

#### C. Lease Liabilities

#### Lessee – Lease Liabilities

The Commission entered into a building lease in July of 2022 for a term of 15 years, renewable annually. The initial annual lease cost is \$21,274 per month for lease years one through five, increasing to \$21,912 for lease years six through ten, and \$22,564 for lease years 11 through 15. In addition to the annual lease, the Commission is required to pay a monthly common area maintenance fee of \$3,546 per month, with an annual adjustment for the Commission's proportionate share of actual common area maintenance costs. The monthly cost to the commission for fiscal year 2023 is \$24,820. The Commission also entered into seven smaller equipment leases, mainly for printers and copiers.

### NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### C. Lease Liabilities (Continued)

#### Lessee – Lease Liabilities (Continued)

The Commission's lease liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	E	Beginning						Ending	Dı	ue Within	
		Balance	e Additions		F	Reductions		Balance	One Year		
Lease liabilities	\$	1,118,464	\$	2,797,157	\$	(1,085,381)	\$	2,830,240	\$	280,832	

The future minimum commitments leases as of June 30, 2023 are:

Fiscal Year	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2024	\$ 280,832	\$ 12,018	\$ 292,850
2025	261,536	23,423	284,959
2026	249,456	35,502	284,958
2027	223,881	43,962	267,843
2028	204,777	52,423	257,200
2029 – 2033	908,721	407,954	1,316,675
2034 – 2038	 701,037	 585,130	 1,286,167
Total	\$ 2,830,240	\$ 1,160,412	\$ 3,990,652

### NOTE 9. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Member Assessments

The Commission records assessments from member counties and municipalities within the Commission's geographic region as general revenue in the general fund. Georgia law and the Commission's by-laws stipulate a mandatory annual local funding formula. Georgia law requires all local governments to be a member of a regional commission and to pay a minimum dues amount of \$.25 per capita. The Commission's by-laws require each member municipality and county to pay dues for membership based on the population within its political boundaries at the rate of a minimum of \$1.00 per capita based upon the most recent estimate of population approved by the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The population amount for each member is based on the 2010 census population figures. During the 12 months ended June 30, 2023 the Commission collected \$547,863 dues from member counties and municipalities. Total dues assessed were \$564,491, \$155 was left unpaid from the prior year's balance as of June 30, 2022, and \$19,842 remained unpaid from the current year's assessment as of June 30, 2023.

### NOTE 9. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### B. Risk Management

The Commission manages its risk from losses arising from physical damage to its assets as well as claims and judgments, which may arise from employees or others (including workers' compensation claims) through the purchase of commercial insurance. During the year ended June 30 there were no appreciable reductions in amounts or nature of coverage. In addition, there have been no losses, claims or judgments in excess of insurance coverage during the three-year period ended June 30. The Commission has no unsettled claims or judgments either from the current or prior fiscal years.

### C. Contingent Liabilities (Possible Unasserted Claims)

Use of federal, state and locally administered federal and other grant funds is subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. To the extent that such disallowances involve expenditures under subcontracted arrangements, the Commission generally has the right of recovery from such third parties. All of these third parties are either state or local government entities or non-profit sub recipients covered by the audit provisions of 2 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, "Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards". Paragraph 200.331 requires sub recipients to have made periodic independent audits of their operations and requires the Commission to obtain copies of such audits and permits the Commission to rely on such audits, if they meet the requirements of the CFR Part 200. Many audits for or including the year ended June 30 have not yet been performed. Accordingly, the Commission's compliance with this requirement will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of sub recipient expenditures, which may be disallowed by the Commission after reviewing these audits, cannot be determined at this time although the Commission expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. Based upon prior experience and audit results, management believes that the Commission will not incur significant losses on possible grant disallowances.

### NOTE 10. CENTRAL SAVANNAH RIVER AREA REGIONAL COMMISSION PENSION PLAN (THE "PLAN")

The Commission's Council is the authority under which the Plan was established. All authority to make changes to the Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission Pension Plan (the "Plan") documents, trustees, investment advisors, or change the rate of contributions is vested in the Commission's Council. Substantially all employees are covered by the Commission's single employer plan, which is a defined contribution plan. All employees who have attained the age of 21 and completed one year of service are eligible to participate in the Plan. The Commission's contribution for each employee and earnings thereon are partially vested after two years of continuous service and fully vested after six years of continuous service. The Commission's contribution for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before becoming fully vested are allocated among eligible participants. The Commission is obligated to contribute 18% of each eligible employee's annual compensation and employees cannot make voluntary contributions. The Plan is qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and the Trust created by the Plan is exempt from tax under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Plan assets contain no securities of, or loans to, the Commission or any other related party. The plan had 65 participants. The Commission does not issue a separate report for this plan.

The Commission's total current-year payroll for all employees is \$3,091,302 of which \$2,983,006 is for employees covered by the Plan. The Commission contributed \$536,941 or 18% of the covered payroll into the Plan for the period ended June 30.

### NOTE 11. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Amounts comprising net investment in capital assets are as follows:

Component		vernmental Activities	Se	Internal rvice Fund
Capital assets, net	\$	2,949,126	\$	2,912,572
Lease liability, current		(280,832)		(280,832)
Lease liability, non-current		(2,549,408)		(2,549,408)
Total	\$	118,886	\$	82,332

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	De	A Resources velopment gency, Inc.	De	SRA Local evelopment poration, Inc.		SRA Rural Lending Ithority, Inc.	C Re	Georgia ommunity investment Fund, Inc.		Total
Current Assets	•	044.004	<b>^</b>	0.40,000	<b>^</b>	4 004 004	•	F4 70F	•	0 400 700
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	944,084 667,214	\$	842,938	\$	4,261,961	\$	51,785	\$	6,100,768 667,214
Loans receivable, net		805,344		- 104,688		- 391,023		-		1,301,055
Other receivable		- 005,544		104,000		57,150		-		57,250
Prepaid items		321		1,551		321		-		2,193
Total current assets		2,416,963		949,277		4,710,455		51,785		8,128,480
Non-current assets: Non-current portion of loans receivable, net Interfund advance Premium on loan, net Total non-current assets		6,710,078 - - 6,710,078		695,501 50,000 - 745,501		3,968,742 - 2,842 3,971,584		- - -		11,374,321 50,000 <u>2,842</u> 11,427,163
Total non-current assets		0,710,078		745,501		3,971,304		-		11,427,103
Total Assets	\$	9,127,041	\$	1,694,778	\$	8,682,039	\$	51,785	\$	19,555,643
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION										
Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$	759	\$	1.721	\$	685	\$		\$	3,165
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	φ	759 256	φ	1,721	φ	1.982	φ	-	φ	2,238
Due to primary government		107,142		42,837		101,892		112,530		364,401
Notes payable		-		-		393,334		-		393,334
Unearned revenues		706		-		2,664,174		-		2,664,880
Total current liabilities		108,863		44,558		3,162,067		112,530		3,428,018
Noncurrent liabilities Notes payable						757,827				757.827
Interfund advance		_		-		- 101,021		50,000		50,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		-		757,827		50,000		807,827
NET POSITION Unrestricted		9,018,178		1,650,220		4,762,145		(110,745)		15,319,798
Total net position		9,018,178		1,650,220		4,762,145		(110,745)		15,319,798
Total liabilities and net position	\$	9,127,041	\$	1,694,778	\$	8,682,039	\$	51,785	\$	19,555,643

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Functions/Programs	Re Dev	CSRA esource elopment ency, Inc.	De	SRA Local velopment rporation, Inc.	-	SRA Rural Lending thority, Inc.	Co Reir	Georgia Community Reinvestment Fund, Inc.		Total	
Business lending services expenses	\$	442,532	\$	839,730	\$	324,232	\$	54,359	\$	1,660,853	
Program revenues:											
Charges for services		369,606		831,038		209,910		-		1,410,554	
Net (expense) revenue		(72,926)		(8,692)		(114,322)		(54,359)		(250,299)	
General revenues (expenses):											
Investment income (loss)		18,715		22,086		66,481		1,223		108,505	
Grant revenue		2,291,531		-		3,195,314		-		5,486,845	
Total general revenues (expenses)		2,310,246		22,086		3,261,795		1,223		5,595,350	
Transfers				(518,410)		518,410				-	
Total general revenues and transfers		2,310,246		(496,324)		3,780,205		1,223		5,595,350	
Change in net position		2,237,320		(505,016)		3,665,883		(53,136)		5,345,051	
Net position (deficit) - beginning		6,780,858		2,155,236		1,096,262		(57,609)		9,974,747	
Net position (deficit) - ending	\$	9,018,178	\$	1,650,220	\$	4,762,145	\$	(110,745)	\$	15,319,798	

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	CSRA Resources Development Agency, Inc.	CSRA Local Development Corporation, Inc.	CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc.	Georgia Community Reinvestment Fund, Inc.	Total
Operating revenues					
Interest income from program					
loans	\$ 335,555	\$ 52,183	\$ 146,707	\$-	\$ 534,445
Late charges	3,285	2,964	685	- -	6,934
Loan processing fees	30,766	135,716	62,518	-	229,000
Loan servicing fees	-	600,175	-	-	600,175
Miscellaneous income	-	40,000	-	-	40,000
Total operating revenues	369,606	831,038	209,910	-	1,410,554
Operating expenses					
Administrative services	242,559	628,581	219,868	11,550	1,102,558
Legal fees	-	5,308	-	10,548	15,856
Entertainment	-	505	-	-	505
Travel	-	54,443	1,719	50	56,212
Supplies	1,216	29,632	1,224	-	32,072
Telecommunications	1,371	760	72	272	2,475
Insurance	2,292	2,292	2,292	-	6,876
Dues, subscriptions and					
publications	368	16,109	579	500	17,556
Closing costs reimbursed	-	40,000	-	-	40,000
Postage and freight	-	3,765	1,537	-	5,302
Conferences and training	659	21,551	4,254	1,439	27,903
Bad debts	193,241	-	88,846	-	282,087
Amortization	-	-	2,842	-	2,842
Filing fees	826	2,965	999	-	4,790
Rent	-	2,405	-	30,000	32,405
Depreciation	-	2,945			2,945
Total operating expenses	442,532	811,261	324,232	54,359	1,632,384
Operating income (loss)	(72,926)	19,777	(114,322)	(54,359)	(221,830)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest income	18,715	22,086	78,272	1,223	120,296
Grant revenues	2,291,531	-	3,195,314	-	5,486,845
Interest expense	-	-	(11,791)	-	(11,791)
Transfer in	-	-	750,000	-	750,000
Transfer out	-	(518,410)	(231,590)	-	(750,000)
Loss on sale of capital assets	-	(28,469)	-	-	(28,469)
Total nonoperating revenues					
(expenses)	2,310,246	(524,793)	3,780,205	1,223	5,566,881
Change in net position	2,237,320	(505,016)	3,665,883	(53,136)	5,345,051
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	6,780,858	2,155,236	1,096,262	(57,609)	9,974,747
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 9,018,178	\$ 1,650,220	\$ 4,762,145	\$ (110,745)	\$ 15,319,798

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	CSRA Resources Development Agency, Inc.	CSRA Local Development Corporation, Inc.	CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc.	Georgia Community Reinvestment Fund, Inc.	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers Program loan principal repaid Program loan disbursed to recipient Payments to suppliers for goods	\$ 354,196 880,357 (3,018,719)	\$ 830,663 321,554 -	\$ 145,048 521,619 (3,235,801)	\$ - - -	\$ 1,329,907 1,723,530 (6,254,520)
and services Net cash provided by	(225,870)	(902,417)	(162,684)	542	(1,290,429)
(used in) operating activities	(2,010,036)	249,800	(2,731,818)	542	(4,491,512)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers in Transfers out Operating grant Reduction of long-term debt	- - 2,291,531 -	- (518,410) - -	750,000 (231,590) 5,859,488 (169,038)	- - -	750,000 (750,000) 8,151,019 (169,038)
Interest paid			(11,791)		(11,791)
Net cash provided by (used in) custodial noncapital financing activities	2,291,531	(518,410)	6,197,069		7,970,190
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sale of capital assets		2.044			2.044
		2,944			2,944
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		2,944			2,944
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on investments	18,715	22,086	78,272	1,223	120,296
Net cash provided by investing activities	18,715	22,086	78,272	1,223	120,296
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	300,210	(243,580)	3,543,523	1,765	3,601,918
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year	1,311,088	1,086,518	718,438	50,020	3,166,064
End of year	\$ 1,611,298	\$ 842,938	\$ 4,261,961	\$ 51,785	\$ 6,767,982
<b>Classified as:</b> Cash Restricted cash	\$ 944,084 667,214	\$ 842,938	\$    4,261,961 -	\$	\$    6,100,768 667,214
	\$ 1,611,298	\$ 842,938	4,261,961	\$ 51,785	\$ 6,767,982

(Continued)

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Develo	esources opment cy, Inc.	Dev	SRA Local velopment oration, Inc.	CSRA Rural Lending uthority, Inc.	Cor Rein	eorgia mmunity vestment nd, Inc.	 Total
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(72,926)	\$	19,777	\$ (114,322)	\$	(54,359)	\$ (221,830)
Bad Debts		193,241		-	88,846		-	282,087
Amortization		-		-	2,521		-	2,521
Depreciation expense Changes in assets and liabilities:				-	-		-	-
Receivable - other		(16,116)		(375)	(64,862)		-	(81,353)
Loans receivable Due from/to primary	(2	2,138,362)		321,554	(2,714,182)		-	(4,530,990)
government		24,063		(96,451)	70,965		54,901	53,478
Prepaid expenses		(321)		4,679	-		-	4,358
Accounts payable		395		(100)	627		-	922
Unearned revenue		706		-	(1,411)		-	(705)
Due to other funds		(716)		716	 -		-	 -
Net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities	\$ (2	2,010,036)	\$	249,800	\$ (2,731,818)	\$	542	\$ (4,491,512)

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION CSRA RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY, INC. COMPONENT UNIT JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	CSRA Resources Development Agency, Inc. Fund 1		De	A Resources evelopment gency, Inc. Fund 2	D	RA Resources evelopment gency, Inc. Fund 3	Total
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,607	\$	139,347	\$	766,130	\$ 944,084
Restricted Cash		42,111		-		625,103	667,214
Loans receivable, net		225,692		181,325		398,327	805,344
Prepaid expenses		321		-		-	 321
Total current assets		306,731		320,672		1,789,560	 2,416,963
Non-current assets:							
Non-current portion of loans receivable, net		1,328,825		1,456,815		3,924,438	6,710,078
Total non-current assets		1,328,825		1,456,815		3,924,438	 6,710,078
Total Assets	\$	1,635,556	\$	1,777,487	\$	5,713,998	\$ 9,127,041
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION							
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	750	\$	-	\$	9	\$ 759
Accrued liabilities		-		256		-	256
Due to primary government		40,131		-		67,011	107,142
Unearned revenue		-		-		706	 706
Total current liabilities		40,881		256		67,726	 108,863
NET POSITION							
Restricted		42,111		-		625,103	667,214
Unrestricted		1,552,564		1,777,231		5,021,169	 8,350,964
Total net position		1,594,675		1,777,231		5,646,272	 9,018,178
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,635,556	\$	1,777,487	\$	5,713,998	\$ 9,127,041

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION CSRA RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY, INC. COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	CSRA Resour Developme Agency, Inc Fund 1	nt Development	CSRA Resources Development Agency, Inc. Fund 3	Total
Operating revenues				
Interest income from program loans	\$ 72,3		\$ 185,322	\$ 335,555
Late charges	9	99 876	1,410	3,285
Loan processing fees	5,0	38 1,868	23,860	30,766
Total operating revenues	78,3	60 80,654	210,592	369,606
Operating expenses				
Administrative services	107,5	- 03	135,056	242,559
Supplies	8	98 136	182	1,216
Telecommunications	1,1	92 -	179	1,371
Insurance	2,2	92 -	-	2,292
Dues, subscriptions, and publications	3	68 -	-	368
Conferences and training	6	59 -	-	659
Bad debts			193,241	193,241
Filing fees	5	13 85	228	826
Total operating expenses	113,4	25 221	328,886	442,532
Operating income (loss)	(35,0	65) 80,433	(118,294)	(72,926)
Nonoperating revenues				
Interest income	5,9	94 5,424	7,297	18,715
Grant revenues		<u> </u>	2,291,531	2,291,531
Total nonoperating revenues	5,9	94 5,424	2,298,828	2,310,246
Change in net position	(29,0	71) 85,857	2,180,534	2,237,320
Net position, beginning of year	1,623,7	46 1,691,374	3,465,738	6,780,858
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,594,6	75 \$ 1,777,231	\$ 5,646,272	\$ 9,018,178

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS CSRA RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY, INC. COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	CSRA Resources Development Agency, Inc. Fund 1		De <sup>r</sup> Ag	A Resources velopment jency, Inc. Fund 2	D	RA Resources evelopment gency, Inc. Fund 3	 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIE	S						
Receipts from customers	\$	76,186	\$	76,769	\$	201,241	\$ 354,196
Program loan principal repaid		389,955		135,022		355,380	880,357
Program loan disbursed to recipient		(835,473)		(422,384)		(1,760,862)	(3,018,719)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(106,474)		(221)		(119,175)	 (225,870)
Net cash used in operating activities		(475,806)		(210,814)		(1,323,416)	(2,010,036)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Operating grant						2,291,531	 2,291,531
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		<u> </u>		-		2,291,531	 2,291,531
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest on investments		5,994		5,424		7,297	 18,715
Net cash provided by investing activities		5,994		5,424		7,297	 18,715
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(469,812)		(205,390)		975,412	300,210
Cash and cash equivalents:							
Beginning of year		550,530		344,737		415,821	 1,311,088
End of year	\$	80,718	\$	139,347	\$	1,391,233	\$ 1,611,298
Classified as:							
Cash	\$	38,607	\$	139,347		766,130	\$ 944,084
Restricted cash		42,111		-		625,103	 667,214
	\$	80,718	\$	139,347	\$	1,391,233	\$ 1,611,298
(Continued)							

(Continued)

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS CSRA RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY, INC. FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	De	A Resources velopment jency, Inc. Fund 1	CSRA Resources Development Agency, Inc. Fund 2		CSRA Resources Development Agency, Inc. Fund 3		 Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(35,065)	\$	80,433	\$	(118,294)	\$ (72,926)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to							
net cash provided by operating activities:							
Bad debt		-		-		193,241	193,241
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Loans receivable		(445,518)		(287,362)		(1,405,482)	(2,138,362)
Other receivable		(2,174)		(3,885)		(10,057)	(16,116)
Prepaid expenses		(321)		-		-	(321)
Accounts payable		645		-		(250)	395
Due from primary government		6,627		-		17,436	24,063
Unearned revenue		-		-		706	706
Due to other funds		-		-		(716)	 (716)
Net cash (used in) operating							
activities	\$	(475,806)	\$	(210,814)	\$	(1,323,416)	\$ (2,010,036)

#### GRANTS AND CONTRACTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BY ACTIVITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (With comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022)

		AGING S	G SERVICES		V	NORKFORCE	DEVEL	OPMENT	PLA	NNING AND Z	ZONING SERVICES	
	В	UDGET		ACTUAL		BUDGET		ACTUAL	В	UDGET		ACTUAL
REVENUES												
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	5,066,079	\$	5,086,737	\$	1,936,518	\$	1,535,021	\$	355,900	\$	310,891
City, county, or other grants/contracts		-		-		-		-		10,000		7,103
Program income		-		20,405		-		-		-		-
TOTAL REVENUES		5,066,079		5,107,142		1,936,518		1,535,021		365,900		317,994
EXPENDITURES												
Personal services		1,494,618		1,376,202		431,472		395,644		171,495		141,434
Travel		27,000		20,510		25,722		23,728		12,074		3,173
Contracts		2,643,940		2,683,135		951,940		677,320		150,800		113,810
All other operating costs		484,737		515,788		489,627		367,845		92,374		64,262
Cost allocation plan		644,436		617,363		186,187		176,525		74,132		63,230
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,294,731		5,212,998		2,084,948		1,641,062		500,875		385,909
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(228,652)		(105,856)		(148,430)		(106,041)		(134,975)		(67,915
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in Transfers out		228,652 -		137,083 (31,227)	_	148,430 -		111,876 (5,835)	_	134,975 -		67,915 -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		228,652		105,856		148,430		106,041		134,975		67,915
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

(Continued)

#### GRANTS AND CONTRACTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BY ACTIVITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (With comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022)

	LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES			I	ECONOMIC D SUP	EVELO PORT	PMENT	ADMINISTRATION OF COMPON				
	В	UDGET		ACTUAL	В	UDGET	ACTUAL		BUDGET			ACTUAL
REVENUES												
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	4,090	\$	4,091	\$	70,000	\$	111,404	\$	-	\$	-
City, county, or other grants/contracts		614,952		436,701		-		-		1,006,835		1,100,340
Program income		66,000		21,000		-		-		-		-
TOTAL REVENUES		685,042		461,792		70,000		111,404		1,006,835		1,100,340
EXPENDITURES												
Personal services		336,652		325,977		54,316		87,568		697,869		783,850
Travel		5,600		8,938		5,500		6,066		-		-
Contracts		-		25,661		-		-		-		-
All other operating costs		98,601		86,529		17,552		11,250		88,966		96,490
Cost allocation plan		145,523		146,451		23,479		39,015		301,665		312,454
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		586,376		593,556		100,847		143,899		1,088,500		1,192,794
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		98,666		(131,764)		(30,847)		(32,495)		(81,665)		(92,454)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		35,249		175,697		30,847		32,495		81,665		92,454
Transfers out		(133,915)		(43,933)		-		-		-		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(98,666)		131,764		30,847		32,495		81,665		92,454
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

(Continued)

#### GRANTS AND CONTRACTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BY ACTIVITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (With comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022)

	JUNE 30, 2	2023 TOTALS	JUNE 30, 2022
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	ACTUAL
REVENUES			
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$ 7,432,587	\$ 7,048,144	\$ 9,014,465
City, county, or other grants/contracts Program income	1,631,787 66,000	1,544,144 41,405	1,324,507 61,310
TOTAL REVENUES	9,130,374	8,633,693	10,400,282
EXPENDITURES			
Personal services	3,186,422	3,110,675	2,955,218
Travel	75,896	62,415	29,542
Contracts	3,746,680	3,499,926	5,591,592
All other operating costs	1,271,857	1,142,164	1,029,313
Cost allocation plan	1,375,422	1,355,038	1,242,025
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,656,277	9,170,218	10,847,690
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	(525,903)	(536,525)	(447,408)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	659,818	617,520	507,480
Transfers out	(133,915)	(80,995)	(60,072)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	525,903	536,525	447,408
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	\$-	\$-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AREA AGENCY ON AGING CONTRACT #42700-373-0000106930 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance		
REVENUES					
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$ 4,159,907	\$ 3,895,606	\$ (264,301)		
Program income		20,405	20,405		
TOTAL REVENUES	4,159,907	3,916,011	(243,896)		
EXPENDITURES					
Personnel services	960,714	939,938	(20,776)		
Travel	23,310	15,114	(8,196)		
Contracts	2,643,940	2,344,564	(299,376)		
Other operating costs	282,796	299,314	16,518		
Cost allocation plan	413,648	422,209	8,561		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,324,408	4,021,139	(303,269)		
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(164,501)	(105,128)	(547,165)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	164,501	136,310	(28,191)		
Transfers out		(31,182)	(31,182)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	164,501	105,128	(59,373)		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$-	\$-	\$ -		

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT (ARPA) SERVICES PROGRAM - CONTRACT #42700-373-0000106744 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	B	udget	 Actual	 ariance
REVENUES Federal and state grants/contracts	\$		\$ 250,987	\$ 250,987
TOTAL REVENUES		-	 250,987	 250,987
EXPENDITURES Contracts			 250,982	 250,982
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-	 250,982	 250,982
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-	 5	 5
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers out		-	 (5)	 (5)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		-	 (5)	 (5)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES FAMILIES FIRST SERVICES PROGRAM CONTRACT #42700-373-0000103080 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget			tual	Variance	
REVENUES Federal and state grants/contracts	\$		\$	27	\$	27
TOTAL REVENUES		-		27		27
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		27		27
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out		-		(27)		(27)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		-		(27)		(27)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES CARES ACT SERVICES PROGRAM CONTRACT #42700-373-0000102979 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bu	dget	A	ctual	Variance	
REVENUES						
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$		\$	7,879	\$	7,879
TOTAL REVENUES		-		7,879		7,879
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		-		929		929
Contracts		-		7,232		7,232
Other operating costs		-		39		39
Cost allocation plan		-		355		355
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		8,555		8,555
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-		(676)		(676)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		690		690
Transfers out		-		(14)		(14)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		676		676
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS ACT 2021 CONTRACT #42700-373-0000101630 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		v	ariance
REVENUES Federal and state grants/contracts	\$		\$	80,357	\$	80,357
TOTAL REVENUES		-		80,357		80,357
EXPENDITURES Contracts				80,357		80,357
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		80,357		80,357
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH COMMUNITY CARE SERVICES PROGRAM CARE COORDINATION CONTRACT #2017006 - AMENDMENT #5 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		udget Actual		V	ariance
REVENUES						
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	906,172	\$	851,881	\$	(54,291)
TOTAL REVENUES		906,172		851,881		(54,291)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		533,904		435,335		(98,569)
Travel		3,690		5,396		1,706
Other operating costs		201,941		216,433		14,492
Cost allocation plan		230,788		194,799		(35,989)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		970,323		851,963		(118,360)
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(64,151)		(82)		64,069
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		64,151		82		(64,069)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		64,151		82		(64,069)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT WORKFORCE DIVISION WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT GRANTS CONTRACT #'s VARIOUS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget Actual		Variance
REVENUES			
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$ 1,936,518	\$ 1,535,021	\$ (401,497)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,936,518	1,535,021	(401,497)
EXPENDITURES			
Personal services	431,472	395,644	(35,828)
Travel	25,722	23,728	(1,994)
Contracts	951,940	677,320	(274,620)
Other operating costs	489,627	367,845	(121,782)
Cost allocation plan	186,187	176,525	(9,662)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,084,948	1,641,062	(443,886)
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(148,430)	(106,041)	42,389
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	148,430	111,876	(36,554)
Transfers out	-	(5,835)	(5,835)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	148,430	106,041	(42,389)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$-	\$-	\$-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION 301(B) PLANNING GRANT AWARD NUMBERS ED20ATL3020002 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Budget Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	35,000	\$ 61,639	\$	26,639	
TOTAL REVENUES		35,000	 61,639		26,639	
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		27,158	47,621		20,463	
Travel		2,750	4,255		1,505	
Other operating costs		8,776	4,085		(4,691)	
Cost allocation plan		11,740	21,087		9,347	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		50,424	 77,048		26,624	
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(15,424)	 (15,409)		15	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		15,424	 15,409		(15)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		15,424	 15,409		(15)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION 301(B) PLANNING GRANT AWARD NUMBERS ED23ATL3020002 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Budget Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	35,000	\$	49,765	\$	14,765
TOTAL REVENUES		35,000		49,765		14,765
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		27,158		36,870		9,712
Travel		2,750		1,674		(1,076)
Other operating costs		8,776		7,000		(1,776)
Cost allocation plan		11,739		16,663		4,924
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		50,423		62,207		11,784
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(15,423)		(12,442)		2,981
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		15,423		12,442		(2,981)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		15,423		12,442		(2,981)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION COVID-19 RECOVERY AND RESILIENCY PROJECT - AWARD NUMBERS ED20ATL3070037 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bud	dget	Actual		Variance	
<b>REVENUES</b> Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL REVENUES	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	-
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		-		3,077		3,077
Travel		-		137		137
Other operating costs		-		165		165
Cost allocation plan		-		1,265		1,265
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		4,644		4,644
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-		(4,644)		(4,644)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		-		4,644		4,644
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		-		4,644		4,644
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - OFFICE OF ECONOMIC ADJUSTMENT FORT GORDON GROWTH MANAGEMENT PLAN HQ00052010041 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Budget Actual	
REVENUES			
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$ 59,154	\$ 39,308	\$ (19,846)
TOTAL REVENUES	59,154	39,308	(19,846)
EXPENDITURES			
Personnel services	8,263	2,400	(5,863)
Contracts	42,100	39,212	(2,888)
Other operating costs	12,144	6,506	(5,638)
Cost allocation plan	3,572	955	(2,617)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	66,079	49,073	(17,006)
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(6,925)	(9,765)	(2,840)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers in	6,925	9,765	2,840
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	6,925	9,765	2,840
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$-	\$-	\$-

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - OFFICE OF ECONOMIC ADJUSTMENT FORT GORDON GROWTH MANAGEMENT PLAN PHASE 1 HQ00052310012 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		udget Actual		et Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	-	\$	11,519	\$	11,519		
TOTAL REVENUES		-		11,519		11,519		
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel services		-		5,759		5,759		
Other operating costs		-		5,176		5,176		
Cost allocation plan		-		1,864		1,864		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		12,799		12,799		
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-		(1,280)		(1,280)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in		-		1,280		1,280		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		-		1,280		1,280		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-		

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - OFFICE OF ECONOMIC ADJUSTMENT FORT GORDON COMPATIBLE USE AND JOINT LAND USE STUDIES HQ00052010061 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Budget Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	126,146	\$	84,423	\$	(41,723)
TOTAL REVENUES		126,146		84,423		(41,723)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		18,419		18,621		202
Travel		7,000		-		(7,000)
Contracts		98,700		74,598		(24,102)
Other operating costs		8,895		3,477		(5,418)
Cost allocation plan		7,962		8,556		594
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		140,976		105,252		(35,724)
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(14,830)		(20,829)		(5,999)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		14,830		20,829		5,999
Transfers out		-		-		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		14,830		20,829		5,999
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AGREEMENT - STATE PLANNING AND RESEARCH PI #0017149 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Budget Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	15,600	\$	9,859	\$	(5,741)
TOTAL REVENUES		15,600		9,859		(5,741)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		13,160		7,057		(6,103)
Other operating costs		8,546		1,687		(6,859)
Cost allocation plan		5,689		3,605		(2,084)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		27,395		12,349		(15,046)
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(11,795)		(2,490)		9,305
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		11,795		2,490		(9,305)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		11,795		2,490		(9,305)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TIA AGREEMENT FOR ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES IGTA2100666 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Budget Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	-	\$	2,382	\$	2,382
TOTAL REVENUES		-		2,382		2,382
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		-		1,588		1,588
Travel		-		35		35
Other operating costs		-		105		105
Cost allocation plan		-		654		654
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		2,382		2,382
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES HISTORIC PRESERVATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Budget Actual		Variance		
REVENUES							
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	4,090	\$ 4,091	\$	1		
TOTAL REVENUES		4,090	 4,091		1		
EXPENDITURES							
Personnel services		4,510	15,063		10,553		
Travel		600	118		(482)		
Other operating costs		505	1,697		1,192		
Cost allocation plan		1,949	 6,837		4,888		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		7,564	 23,715		16,151		
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(3,474)	 (19,624)		(16,150)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in		3,474	 19,624		16,150		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		3,474	 19,624		16,150		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-		

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS FY 2023 SUPPORT CONTRACT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Federal and state grants/contracts	\$	155,000	\$	163,400	\$	8,400
TOTAL REVENUES		155,000		163,400		8,400
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		125,072		102,957		(22,115)
Travel		5,000		3,097		(1,903)
Contracts		10,000		-		(10,000)
Other operating costs		58,516		44,571		(13,945)
Cost allocation plan		54,064		46,326		(7,738)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		252,652		196,951		(55,701)
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(97,652)		(33,551)		64,101
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		97,652		33,551		(64,101)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		97,652		33,551		(64,101)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS REVAMP/MAP-21 PROGRAM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Budget Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
City, county, or other grants/contracts	\$	10,000	\$	7,103	\$	(2,897)
TOTAL REVENUES		10,000		7,103		(2,897)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		6,581		3,052		(3,529)
Travel		74		41		(33)
Other operating costs		4,273		2,740		(1,533)
Cost allocation plan		2,845		1,270		(1,575)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		13,773		7,103		(6,670)
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(3,773)		-		3,773
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		3,773		-		(3,773)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		3,773		-		(3,773)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CONTRACTS AND ACTIVITIES PREPARATION OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK APPLICATIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Budget Actual		Variance	
REVENUES	¢	00.000	•	10.000	•	(04,000)
Program income	\$	36,000	\$	12,000	\$	(24,000)
TOTAL REVENUES		36,000		12,000		(24,000)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		21,544		32,889		11,345
Travel		-		416		416
Other operating costs		2,413		6,806		4,393
Cost allocation plan		9,313		15,815		6,502
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		33,270		55,926		22,656
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		2,730		(43,926)		(46,656)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		43,926		43,926
Transfers out		(2,730)				2,730
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(2,730)		43,926		46,656
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CONTRACTS AND ACTIVITIES ADMINISTRATION OF CDBG CONTRACTS FOR MEMBERS - BIDEN INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES Personnel services Travel Other operating costs Cost allocation plan		- - -		1,183 53 73 507		1,183 53 73 507
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		1,816		1,816
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-		(1,816)		(1,816)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in		-		1,816		1,816
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		-		1,816		1,816
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$		\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CONTRACTS AND ACTIVITIES ADMINISTRATION OF CDBG CONTRACTS FOR MEMBERS - ARPA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Program income	\$	-	\$	9,000	\$	9,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	-	\$	9,000	\$	9,000
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		-		10,450		10,450
Travel		-		18		18
Other operating costs		-		606		606
Cost allocation plan		-		4,675		4,675
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		15,749		15,749
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-		(6,749)		(6,749)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		-		6,749		6,749
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		-		6,749		6,749
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CONTRACTS AND ACTIVITIES ADMINISTRATION OF CDBG CONTRACTS FOR MEMBERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Budget Actual	
REVENUES			
City, county, or other grants/contracts	\$ 614,952	\$ 393,584	\$ (221,368)
TOTAL REVENUES	614,952	393,584	(221,368)
EXPENDITURES			
Personnel services	270,596	220,087	(50,509)
Travel	5,000	3,927	(1,073)
Contracts	-	25,661	25,661
Other operating costs	91,202	40,240	(50,962)
Cost allocation plan	116,969	98,183	(18,786)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	483,767	388,098	(95,669)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	131,185	5,486	(125,699)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	25,329	25,329
Transfers out	(131,185)	(30,815)	100,370
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(131,185)	(5,486)	125,699
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$-	\$-	\$ -

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CONTRACTS AND ACTIVITIES ADMINISTRATION OF TRANSPORTATION ENHANCEMENT GRANTS FOR MEMBERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget Actual		ctual	Variance		
REVENUES						
TOTAL REVENUES	\$		\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		-		2,317		2,317
Other operating costs		-		126		126
Cost allocation plan		-		915		915
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		3,358		3,358
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-		(3,358)		(3,358)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		-		3,358		3,358
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		-		3,358		3,358
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CONTRACTS AND ACTIVITIES PREPARATION OF HAZARD MITIGATION PLANS FOR MEMBERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Varianc	
REVENUES						
City, county, or other grants/contracts	\$	-	\$	39,254	\$	39,254
TOTAL REVENUES		-		39,254		39,254
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		-		6,952		6,952
Travel		-		357		357
Other operating costs		-		15,455		15,455
Cost allocation plan		-		3,409		3,409
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		26,173		26,173
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		13,081		13,081
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		37		37
Transfers out		-		(13,118)		(13,118)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		(13,081)		(13,081)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CONTRACTS AND ACTIVITIES LOCAL GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Budget Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
City, county, or other grants/contracts	\$	-	\$	3,863	\$	3,863
Program income		30,000		-		(30,000)
TOTAL REVENUES		30,000		3,863		(26,137)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services		40,002		37,036		(2,966)
Travel		-		4,049		4,049
Other operating costs		4,481		21,526		17,045
Cost allocation plan		17,292		16,110		(1,182)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		61,775		78,721		16,946
DEFICIT OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(	(31,775)		(74,858)		(43,083)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		31,775		74,858		43,083
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		31,775		74,858		43,083
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CONTRACTS AND ACTIVITIES ADMINISTRATION OF CSRA BUSINESS LENDING - COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Budget Actual	
REVENUES			
City, county, or other grants/contracts	\$ 1,006,835	\$ 1,100,340	\$ 93,505
TOTAL REVENUES	1,006,835	1,100,340	93,505
EXPENDITURES			
Personnel services	697,869	783,850	85,981
Other operating costs	88,966	96,490	7,524
Cost allocation plan	301,665	312,454	10,789
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,088,500	1,192,794	104,294
DEFICIT OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(81,665)	(92,454)	(10,789)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers in	81,665	92,454	10,789
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	81,665	92,454	10,789
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$-	\$-

#### SCHEDULE OF INDIRECT COSTS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	E	Budget	 Actual		ariance
Salaries	\$	506,821	\$ 516,431	\$	9,610
Fringe benefits		258,669	259,490		821
Travel		8,000	13,805		5,805
Supplies		56,500	47,972		(8,528)
Equipment (not capitalized)		6,000	6,756		756
Professional fees		293,000	193,817		(99,183)
Telecommunications and internet		25,000	28,673		3,673
Equipment maintenance and upkeep		500	-		(500)
Insurance		28,000	26,022		(1,978)
Dues, subscriptions, and publications		4,000	4,115		115
Rentals - other than real estate		46,500	(4,199)		(50,699)
Motor vehicle expense		5,000	-		(5,000)
Postage and freight		7,500	6,510		(990)
Temporary personnel services		2,000	-		(2,000)
Conferences and seminars		6,000	2,485		(3,515)
Facilities cost		103,075	141,140		38,065
Depreciation		11,500	6,417		(5,083)
Amortization		9,000	68,673		59,673
Interest on Leased Asset		-	3,849		3,849
Loss on asset			 38,516		38,516
Total		1,377,065	\$1,360,472		(16,593)
Less: costs not included in cost allocations		-	 (2,632)		(2,632)
Total indirect cost allocated	\$	1,377,065	\$ 1,357,840	\$	(19,225)

#### COMPUTATION OF INDIRECT COST RATES

Allocation base = direct			
personnel costs and direct fringe benefits	\$ 3,185,695	\$ 3,138,444	\$ 47,251
Indirect cost rate	 43.23%	 43.26%	 (-0.03%)

#### SCHEDULE OF FRINGE BENEFITS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budge	<u> </u>	Actual	V	ariance
NGE BENEFITS					
Contributions to pension trust	\$ 511	994 \$	536,941	\$	(24,947)
Payroll taxes	56	440	54,927		1,513
Group insurance	230	872	204,126		26,746
Workers compensation	13	660	10,945		2,715
Other	73	767	17,567		56,200
Paid time off earned	307	591	294,471		13,120
Sick leave used		-	1,069		(1,069)
Holiday leave used	140	827	136,330		4,497
Other leave used			12,012		(12,012)
TOTAL FRINGE BENEFITS	\$ 1,335	151 \$	1,268,388	\$	66,763

### COMPUTATION OF EMPLOYEE BENEFIT RATE

Allocation base - salaries as adjusted	\$ 2,616,032	\$ 2,645,976	\$ (29,944)
Fringe benefit rate	 51.04%	47.94%	 (3.10%)

#### SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATION BASE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Total salaries Less portion of salaries charged to fringe benefits:	\$ 3,089,858
Paid time off	(294,471)
Sick leave	(1,069)
Holiday leave	(136,330)
Other leave	(12,012)
Allocation base for fringe benefits	2,645,976
Less indirect cost salaries	(516,430)
Plus fringe benefits	1,268,388
Less fringe benefits allocated to indirect cost pool	 (259,490)
Allocation base for indirect cost	\$ 3,138,444

#### SCHEDULE OF FACILITIES COST ALLOCATED - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budget	Actual	V	ariance
Building maintenance and upkeep	\$ 76,400	\$ 81,293	\$	4,893
Utilities	30,000	22,642		(7,358
Rentals - real estate	248,567	-		(248,567
Common area maintenance fees	41,255	38,416		(2,839
Interest Expense	-	31,396		31,396
Depreciation	27,024	20,986		(6,038
Amortization	-	146,285		146,285
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	 -	 198,803		198,803
Total cost allocated	\$ 423,246	\$ 539,821	\$	116,575
Facilities Costs Allocated To				
	\$ 103,075	\$ 141,140	\$	38,065
Facilities Costs Allocated To Cost allocation fund - indirect cost Aging services	\$ 103,075 126,126	\$ 141,140 156,625	\$	38,065 30,499
Cost allocation fund - indirect cost	\$	\$ -	\$	
Cost allocation fund - indirect cost Aging services Workforce development	\$ 126,126	\$ 156,625	\$	30,499 31,943
Cost allocation fund - indirect cost Aging services	\$ 126,126 49,944	\$ 156,625 81,887	\$	30,499
Cost allocation fund - indirect cost Aging services Workforce development Planning and zoning services	\$ 126,126 49,944 11,372	\$ 156,625 81,887 18,892	\$	30,499 31,943 7,520
Cost allocation fund - indirect cost Aging services Workforce development Planning and zoning services Local government services Economic development support services	\$ 126,126 49,944 11,372 37,711	\$ 156,625 81,887 18,892 36,325	\$	30,499 31,943 7,520 (1,386 1,768
Cost allocation fund - indirect cost Aging services Workforce development Planning and zoning services Local government services	\$ 126,126 49,944 11,372 37,711 6,052	\$ 156,625 81,887 18,892 36,325 7,820	\$	30,499 31,943 7,520 (1,386

#### SCHEDULE OF CITY/COUNTY ASSESSMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

-		Balance	FY 2022 Assessments	FY 2023 Assessments	FY 2023	Balance
Gover		June 30, 2022	Written Off	Billed	Collections	June 30, 2023
Augusta	City of	\$ -	\$-	\$ 231,375	\$ 228,286	\$ 3,089
Avera	City of	-	-	251	251	-
Bartow	City of	-	-	212	212	-
Blythe	City of	-	-	857	857	-
Camak	City of	-	-	155	155	-
Crawfordville	City of	-	-	553	553	-
Davisboro	City of	2,312	-	2,139	4,451	-
Dearing	City of	-	-	606	606	-
Deepstep	City of	-	-	130	130	-
Edge Hill	City of	155	-	23	-	178
Gibson	City of	-	-	725	725	-
Girard	City of	-	-	207	207	-
Grovetown	City of	-	-	19,051	19,051	-
Harlem	City of	-	-	4,446	4,446	-
Harrison	City of	-	-	380	380	-
Hephzibah	City of	-	-	4,349	4,349	-
Keysville	City of	-	-	362	-	362
Lincolnton	City of	-	-	1,680	1,680	-
Louisville	City of	-	-	2,715	2,715	-
Midville	City of	-	-	437	437	-
Millen	City of	-	-	3,374	3,374	-
Mitchell	City of	-	-	176	176	-
Norwood	City of	-	-	237	237	-
Oconee	City of	_	_	217	217	-
Rayle	City of	_	_	179	179	-
Riddlevile	City of	_	_	91	91	_
Sandersville	City of	_	_	6,502	6,502	
Sardis	City of	_	_	1,130	1,130	
Sharon	City of		_	122	122	
Sparta	City of	-	-	1,532	1,532	-
Stapleton	City of	-	-	454	454	-
		-	-			-
Tennille	City of	-	-	1,911	1,911	-
Thomson	City of	-	-	7,904	7,904	-
Tignall	City of	628	-	559	1,187	-
Vidette	City of	274	-	116	390	-
Wadley	City of	-	-	1,865	1,865	-
Warrenton	City of	-	-	1,998	1,998	-
Washington	City of	-	-	4,260	4,260	-
Waynesboro	City of	-	-	6,541	6,541	-
Wrens	City of	-	-	2,507	2,507	-
Burke	County	-	-	19,162	19,162	-
Columbia	County	-	-	160,088	160,088	-

# SCHEDULE OF CITY/COUNTY ASSESSMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Gover	nment	alance 30, 2022	Assess	2022 sments en Off	FY 2023 sessments Billed	Y 2023	alance e 30, 2023
(Continued)							
Glascock	County	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,433	\$ 2,433	\$ -
Hancock	County	-		-	8,393	8,393	-
Jefferson	County	-		-	9,849	9,849	-
Jenkins	County	-		-	6,561	6,561	-
Lincoln	County	-		-	7,231	7,231	-
McDuffie	County	-		-	16,368	-	16,368
Talaiferro	County	-		-	1,117	1,117	-
Warren	County	-		-	3,636	3,636	-
Washington	County	-		-	11,383	11,383	-
Wilkes	County	 -		-	 5,942	 5,942	 -
		\$ 3,369	\$	-	\$ 564,491	\$ 547,863	\$ 19,997

## STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

## STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the Commission's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the Commission's overall financial health.

- **Financial Trends** These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Commission's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
- **Revenue Capacity** These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Commission's most significant local revenue source, grants and contracts.
- **Demographic and Economic Information** These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Commission's financial activities take place.
- **Operating Information** These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Commission's financial report relates to the services the Commission provides and the activities it performs.

#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fisc	al Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Governmental activities:				·	·		·			
Investment in capital assets	\$ 118,886	\$ 356,406	\$ 428,359	\$ 508,636	\$ 594,125	\$ 467,478	\$ 528,398	\$ 566,002	\$ 402,982	\$ 114,162
Unrestricted	3,678,231	3,428,986	3,341,777	3,176,570	2,878,201	2,767,924	2,912,715	2,625,166	2,641,822	2,659,486
Total governmental net position	\$ 3,797,117	\$ 3,785,392	\$ 3,770,136	\$ 3,685,206	\$ 3,472,326	\$ 3,235,402	\$ 3,441,113	\$ 3,191,168	\$ 3,044,804	\$ 2,773,648
Business-type activities:										
Investment in capital assets	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Unrestricted	41,969	47,690	61,394	83,240	111,482	98,286	122,863	134,606	142,042	150,719
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 41,969	\$ 47,690	\$ 61,394	\$ 83,240	\$ 111,482	\$ 98,286	\$ 122,863	\$ 134,606	\$ 142,042	\$ 150,719
Primary government:										
Investment in capital assets	\$ 118,886	\$ 356,406	\$ 428,359	\$ 508,636	\$ 594,125	\$ 467,478	\$ 528,398	\$ 566,002	\$ 402,982	\$ 114,162
Unrestricted	3,720,200	3,476,676	3,403,171	3,259,810	2,989,683	2,866,210	3,035,578	2,759,772	2,783,864	2,810,205
Total primary government net position	\$ 3,839,086	\$ 3,833,082	\$ 3,831,530	\$ 3,768,446	\$ 3,583,808	\$ 3,333,688	\$ 3,563,976	\$ 3,325,774	\$ 3,186,846	\$ 2,924,367
Component Units: Business-type activities										
CSRA Resource Development Agency, Inc.:										
Unrestricted	\$ 9,018,178	\$ 6,780,858	\$ 6,588,579	\$ 3,214,164			\$ 1,760,636	\$ 1,747,939	\$ 1,736,648	\$ 1,719,960
Total CSRA RDA net position	9,018,178	6,780,858	6,588,579	3,214,164	3,238,619	2,550,396	1,760,636	1,747,939	1,736,648	1,719,960
CSRA Local Development Corp. Inc.:										
Investment in capital assets	-	31,413	35,340	40,299	45,608	50,917	56,226	61,535	66,844	9,507
Unrestricted	1,650,220	2,123,823	2,027,853	1,867,841	1,754,470	1,995,834	2,121,341	2,072,802	1,915,303	1,803,641
Total CSRA LDC net position	1,650,220	2,155,236	2,063,193	1,908,140	1,800,078	2,046,751	2,177,567	2,134,337	1,982,147	1,813,148
CSRA Rural Lending Authority, Inc.:										
Unrestricted	4,762,145	1,096,262	942,711	1,014,446	1,027,376	1,000,770	1,003,121	1,097,229	1,120,784	1,091,220
Total CSRA LDC net position	4,762,145	1,096,262	942,711	1,014,446	1,027,376	1,000,770	1,003,121	1,097,229	1,120,784	1,091,220
Georgia Community Reinvestment Fund, Inc.:										
Unrestricted	(110,745)	(57,609)	(54,683)	(22,459)	-	-	-	-		-
Total CSRA LDC net position	(110,745)	(57,609)	(54,683)	(22,459)	-	-	-	-		-
Total Component Units										
Investment in capital assets	-	31,413	35,340	40,299	45,608	50,917	56,226	61,535	66,844	9,507
Unrestricted	15,319,798	9,943,334 \$9,974,747	9,504,460 \$ 9,539,800	6,073,992 \$6,114,291	6,020,465 \$ 6,066,073	5,547,000 \$5,597,917	4,885,098 \$ 4,941,324	4,917,970	4,772,735 \$ 4,839,579	4,614,821
Total component units net position	<u>\$ 15,319,798</u>	\$ 9,974,747	\$ 9,539,800	\$ 6,114,291	\$ 6,066,073	\$ 5,597,917	\$ 4,941,324	\$ 4,979,505	\$ 4,839,579	\$ 4,624,328

SOURCE: Presented on the accrual basis of accounting from the Commission's annual financial reports for the respective years.

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fisca	ll Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Expenses								·		
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 44,886	\$ 38,788	\$ 39,035	\$ 63,792	\$ 64,428	\$ 329,252	\$ 32,222	\$ 105,522	\$ 50,473	\$ 40,138
Aging services	5,212,998	4,796,395	5,205,815	4,947,863	4,560,671	5,794,591	5,677,585	5,784,454	5,568,718	5,618,269
Regional transportation services	-	1,618,131	1,603,399	1,495,079	2,030,085	2,115,811	2,330,840	2,168,246	2,044,999	2,285,513
Workforce development	1,677,612	1,792,718	1,833,993	2,516,952	2,519,820	2,428,368	2,428,798	2,263,313	1,842,700	1,678,204
Planning and zoning services	385,909	900,146	342,447	233,555	297,487	310,590	307,051	305,533	230,752	347,566
Local government services	593,556	476,891	411,638	451,519	398,618	341,032	353,887	364,854	383,957	386,277
Economic development support										
services	143,899	226,384	172,278	73,045	158,035	121,761	106,516	168,149	132,189	136,383
Management of local development										
companies	1,192,794	1,073,577	925,932	820,628	827,526	808,677	740,452	658,975	684,308	625,508
Total governmental activities	9,251,654	10,923,030	10,534,537	10,602,433	10,856,670	12,250,082	11,977,351	11,819,046	10,938,096	11,117,858
Business type activities:							·			
Herman Lodge Micro Ioan program	9,941	18,127	24,853	32,479	38,851	31,560	21,905	20,378	23,791	28,019
Mapping and GIS support	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	·						·			
expenses	9,941	18,127	24,853	32,479	38,851	31,560	21,905	20,378	23,791	28,019
Total primary government			,			·	· ,		·	·,
expenses	\$ 9,261,595	\$ 10,941,157	\$ 10,559,390	\$ 10,634,912	\$ 10,895,521	\$ 12,281,642	\$ 11,999,256	\$ 11,839,424	\$ 10,961,887	\$ 11,145,877
Program revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 144	\$ 5.740	\$ 3,541	\$ 2,152	\$ 3,674	\$ 3.351	\$ 2,147	\$ 18.662	\$ 3.802	\$ 30
Aging services	20,405	φ 3,740 72,590	69,724	φ <u>2,152</u> 34,364	φ <u>0,07</u> 50,240	¢ 81,064	φ 2,147 59,079	478,583	¢ 0,002 510,947	¢ 267,356
Regional transportation services	20,400	72,000		40,000		20,000		470,000	374	207,000
Workforce development		_	_	11,103	_	20,000	_	_	-	-
Planning and zoning services	7,103	5,204	12,277	34,974	6,419	5.976	8,260	12,413	39,127	11.194
Local government services	457,701	321,370	331,634	357,867	290,480	253,267	284,185	252,720	280,977	289,078
Economic development support	407,701	021,070	001,004	007,007	230,400	200,201	204,100	202,720	200,011	200,070
services	-	-	7,192	_	16,315	6,781	8,186	8,580	5,852	4,214
Management of local	-	-	7,152	-	10,010	0,701	0,100	0,000	0,002	7,214
development companies	1,100,340	986,653	891,816	790,286	803,310	808,677	740,452	658,975	684,308	625,508
Total charge for services	1,585,693	1,391,557	1,316,184	1,270,746	1,170,438	1,179,116	1,102,309	1,429,933	1,525,387	1,197,380
Total charge for services	1,000,000	1,001,007	1,010,104	1,270,740	1,170,400	1,175,110	1,102,003	1,720,000	1,020,007	1,107,000

(Continued)

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Operating grants:										
Aging services	\$ 5,086,737	\$ 4,634,280	\$ 5,042,822	\$ 4,867,137	\$ 4,415,529	\$ 5,658,759	\$ 5,549,085	\$ 5,267,543	\$ 5,039,412	\$ 5,263,585
Regional transportation services Workforce development	- 1,535,021	1,635,860 1,697,986	1,585,824 1,699,685	1,474,911 2,403,095	2,086,448 2,604,697	2,151,111 2,245,984	2,382,204 2,422,800	2,210,334 2,263,313	2,090,958 1,842,679	2,325,272 1,672,697
Planning and zoning services	310,891	826,117	287.835	182,484	254,335	244,298	268,000	268,074	170.085	216,446
Local government services Economic development support	4,091	4,091	4,090	4,091	4,091	4,090	4,091	4,091	4,091	4,091
services	111,404	216,131	150,578	65,978	68,576	70,000	36,424	60,217	87,692	76,591
Total operating grants	7,048,144	9,014,465	8,770,834	8,997,696	9,433,676	10,374,242	10,662,604	10,073,572	9,234,917	9,558,682
Total governmental activities program revenues	8,633,837	10,406,022	10,087,018	10,268,442	10,604,114	11,553,358	11,764,913	11,503,505	10,760,304	10,756,062
Business-type activities: Charges for services:	<u>,                                </u>	<u> </u>			<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Herman Lodge Micro Ioan program	4,220	4,423	3,007	4,237	52,047	6,983	10,162	12,942	15,114	12,109
Total business-type activities program revenues	4,220	4,423	3,007	4,237	52,047	6,983	10,162	12,942	15,114	12,109
Total primary government program revenues	8,638,057	10,410,445	10,090,025	10,272,679	10,656,161	11,560,341	11,775,075	11,516,447	10,775,418	10,768,171
Net (expense)/revenue						·				
Governmental activities Business-type activities	(617,817) (5,721)	(517,008) (13,704)	(447,519) (21,846)	(333,991) (28,242)	(252,556) 13,196	(696,724) (24,577)	(212,438) (11,743)	(315,541) (7,436)	(177,792) (8,677)	(361,796 (15,910
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	(623,538)	(530,712)	(469,365)	(362,233)	(239,360)	(721,301)	(224,181)	(322,977)	(186,469)	(377,706
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities										
Member assessments	564,491	523,136	523,136	523,136	454,901	467,701	456,181	472,361	467,701	454,901
Investment income (loss)	65,051	9,127	9,313	23,735	34,579	23,312	6,202	1,746	(18,753)	53,423
Gain/Loss on retirement of equipment	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	(12,202)	-	-
Total governmental activities	629,542	532,264	532,449	546,871	489,480	491,013	462,383	461,905	448,948	508,324
Business-type activities Total business-type activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total primary government	\$ 629,542	\$ 532.264	\$ 532,449	\$ 546,871	\$ 489,480	\$ 491,013	\$ 462,383	\$ 461,905	\$ 448,948	\$ 508.324

(Continued)

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fiscal	Year					
	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016	 2015	2014
Change in net position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 11,725 (5,721)	\$ 15,256 (13,704)	\$ 84,930 (21,846)	\$ 212,880 (28,242)	\$ 236,924 13,196	\$	(205,711) (24,577)	\$ 249,945 (11,743)	\$ 146,364 (7,436)	\$ 271,156 (8,677)	\$ 146,528 (15,910)
Total primary government	\$ 6,004	\$ 1,552	\$ 63,084	\$ 184,638	\$ 250,120	\$	(230,288)	\$ 238,202	\$ 138,928	\$ 262,479	\$ 130,618
Component units - business type activities											
Expenses Business lending services	\$ 1,672,644	\$ 1,480,242	\$ 1,486,363	\$ 1,208,210	\$ 1,062,349	\$	1,072,335	\$ 1,095,057	\$ 1,025,268	\$ 893,564	\$ 813,178
Total component units expenses	 1,672,644	 1,480,242	 1,486,363	 1,208,210	 1,062,349		1,072,335	1,095,057	 1,025,268	 893,564	813,178
Program revenues	 							 	 		 
Charges for services	1,410,554	1,751,884	1,349,824	1,252,294	1,106,525		1,142,335	1,049,611	1,155,894	1,099,442	949,815
Operating grant	 5,486,845	 160,480	 3,557,520	 -	 419,553		330,446	 -	 -	 -	 -
Total component units program revenues Net (expense)/revenue	 6,897,399	 1,912,364	 4,907,344	 1,252,294	 1,526,078		1,472,781	 1,049,611	 1,155,894	 1,099,442	 949,815
Component units - business type activities net (expense)/revenue	5,224,755	432,122	3,420,981	44,084	463,729		400,446	(45,446)	130,626	205,878	136,637
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position											
Interest	120,296	2,825	4,528	4,134	4,427		6,147	7,265	9,300	9,373	8,832
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	-	-	-		250,000	-	-	-	-
Total component units	 120,296	 2,825	 4,528	 4,134	 4,427		256,147	 7,265	 9,300	 9,373	 8,832
Change in net position component units	\$ 5,345,051	\$ 434,947	\$ 3,425,509	\$ 48,218	\$ 468,156	\$	656,593	\$ (38,181)	\$ 139,926	\$ 215,251	\$ 145,469

SOURCE: Presented on the accrual basis of accounting from the Commission's annual financial reports for the respective years.

#### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fiscal	Year	·				
	2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019		2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
General fund											
Nonspendable	\$ 27,440	\$ 29,004	\$ 37,920	\$ 17,881	\$ 32,124	\$	2,589	\$ 295	\$ 25,518	\$ 28,560	\$ 27,824
Committed	26,568	26,568	26,568	26,568	26,568		26,568	30,038	30,260	12,800	-
Assigned	2,775	2,857	10,199	15,151	18,110		18,110	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	 3,401,660	 3,351,739	 3,289,540	 3,183,145	 2,916,511		2,891,882	 3,114,527	 2,839,137	 2,707,191	 2,449,571
Total General Fund	\$ 3,458,443	\$ 3,410,168	\$ 3,364,227	\$ 3,242,745	\$ 2,993,313	\$	2,939,149	\$ 3,144,860	\$ 2,894,915	\$ 2,748,551	\$ 2,477,395
All other governmental funds											
Unreserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental											
funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u> </u>
Total fund balances	\$ 3,458,443	\$ 3,410,168	\$ 3,364,227	\$ 3,242,745	\$ 2,993,313	\$	2,939,149	\$ 3,144,860	\$ 2,894,915	\$ 2,748,551	\$ 2,477,395

SOURCE: Presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting from the Commission's annual financial reports for the respective years.

#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues										
Federal and State grants/contracts	\$ 7,048,144	\$ 9,014,465	\$ 8,770,834	\$ 8,997,696	\$ 9,433,676	\$ 10,374,242	\$ 10,662,604	\$ 10,073,572	\$ 9,234,917	\$ 9,558,682
City, county, or other grants/contracts	1,544,144	1,324,507	1,249,323	1,159,527	1,072,559	1,067,920	996,585	903,983	982,986	884,185
Charges for services	41,405	61,310	63,320	109,067	94,205	107,845	103,577	507,288	538,599	313,165
Member assessments	564,491	523,136	523,136	523,136	454,901	454,901	454,901	472,361	467,701	454,901
Other Income	144	5,740	3,541	2,152	3,674	16,151	1,627	16,862	2,002	-
Investment income (loss)	65,051	9,115	9,313	23,735	34,579	23,312	6,202	1,746	(18,798)	53,398
Total Revenues	9,263,379	10,938,273	10,619,467	10,815,313	11,093,594	12,044,371	12,225,496	11,975,812	11,207,407	11,264,331
Expenditures										
General government	42,255	40,827	35,117	55,053	62,162	312,954	31,469	103,813	49,525	36,318
Aging services	5,212,998	4,796,395	5,205,815	4,947,863	4,560,671	5,794,591	5,677,585	5,784,454	5,568,718	5,618,269
Regional transportation services	-	1,618,131	1,603,399	1,495,079	2,030,085	2,115,811	2,330,840	2,168,246	2,044,999	2,285,513
Workforce development	1,641,062	1,756,166	1,797,441	2,480,400	2,702,580	2,428,368	2,428,798	2,263,313	1,842,700	1,678,204
Planning and zoning services	385,909	900,146	342,447	233,555	297,487	310,590	307,051	305,533	230,752	347,566
Local government services	593,556	476,891	411,638	451,519	398,618	341,032	353,887	364,854	383,957	386,277
Economic development support services Management of local development	143,899	226,384	172,278	73,045	158,035	121,761	106,516	168,149	132,189	136,383
companies	1,192,794	1,073,577	925,932	820,628	827,526	808,677	740,452	658,975	684,308	625,508
Debt service										
Total Expenditures	9,212,473	10,888,517	10,494,067	10,557,142	11,037,164	12,233,784	11,976,598	11,817,337	10,937,148	11,114,038
Excess of revenues over expenditures	50,906	49,756	125,400	258,171	56,430	(189,413)	248,898	158,475	270,259	150,293
Other Financial Sources (uses)										
Transfers in Transfers out	693,509 (696,140)	567,552 (571,367)	481,684 (485,602)	548,091 (556,830)	496,884 (499,150)	529,997 (546,295)	450,117 (449,070)	666,308 (678,419)	382,241 (381,344)	406,341 (410,106)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,631)	(3,815)	(3,918)	(8,739)	(2,266)	(16,298)	1,047	(12,111)	897	(3,765)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 48,275	\$ 45,941	\$ 121,482	\$ 249,432	\$ 54,164	\$ (205,711)	\$ 249,945	\$ 146,364	\$ 271,156	\$ 146,528
Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	NA									
Total fund balance as percentage of noncapital expenditures	37.54%	31.32%	32.06%	30.72%	27.12%	24.02%	26.26%	24.50%	25.13%	22.29%

SOURCE: Presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting from the Commission's annual financial reports for the respective years.

#### SCHEDULE OF INDIRECT COSTS, FRINGE BENEFITS AND ALLOCATION BASE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

						Fisca	l Year							
	 2023	 2022	2021	 2020	_	2019		2018	2017	 2016	_	2015	_	2014
Indirect														
Salaries	\$ 516,431	\$ 503,042	\$ 472,599	\$ 522,030	\$	504,239	\$	442,774	\$ 451,478	\$ 421,066	\$	433,967	\$	416,551
Fringe benefits	259,490	236,607	225,991	266,010		254,489		220,907	218,493	212,690		201,866		198,569
Travel	13,805	8,121	753	9,042		3,858		455	792	1,417		888		475
Supplies	47,972	67,007	49,807	52,238		72,066		61,949	58,075	43,388		52,598		44,099
Equipment (not capitalized)	6,756	1,937	6,339	6,620		15,819		4,440	9,160	33,471		16,617		8,835
Professional fees	193,817	218,363	236,832	201,596		220,972		229,644	137,980	102,454		101,926		97,601
Telecommunications and internet	28,673	24,349	24,844	25,011		25,832		23,005	24,014	29,492		21,438		23,889
Maintenance and upkeep - equipment and building	-	274	-	438		30		-	-	4,600		15,192		12,294
Utilities	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	2,960		22,329		20,112
Insurance	26,022	26,134	25,535	22,391		21,945		20,913	20,362	19,862		21,351		21,299
Dues, subscriptions, & publications	4,115	2,015	2,502	8,243		6,293		7,715	13,157	13,016		14,268		10,028
Rentals - other than real estate	(4,199)	17,407	45,169	47,674		58,589		45,979	54,207	51,808		51,663		43,076
Rentals - real estate	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	6,723		126,585		144,357
Motor vehicle expense	-	2,299	2,554	6,619		5,797		5,438	9,305	6,343		6,004		12,108
Postage and freight	6,510	5,999	5,998	8,348		8,577		6,844	6,119	9,524		9,619		8,778
Temporary personnel	-	11,182	926	13,774		2,636		6,603	2,196	23,252		4,969		13,266
Conferences and seminars	2,485	1,105	-	375		3,100		-	-	-		599		-
Facilities cost	141,140	81,989	79,729	76,547		78,432		76,532	78,265	75,977		-		-
Amortization	6,417	26,519												
Depreciation	68,673	14,240	16,699	27,147		29,177		30,384	33,566	29,882		24,862		15,571
Interest on leased asset	3,849	-	-	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
Loss on write off of asset	 38,516	 -	 -	 -		-		-	 -	 -		-		-
Total costs in pool before credits	1,360,472	 1,248,589	 1,196,277	 1,294,103		1,311,851		1,183,582	 1,117,169	 1,087,925		1,126,741		1,090,908
Less credits or cost excluded	(2.020)	(2.045)	(2.040)	(0.252)				(40.040)	(750)	(1, 700)		(0.40)		(00.4)
	 (2,632)	 (3,815)	 (3,919)	 (8,353)				(12,312)	 (753)	 (1,709)		(948)		(894)
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 1,357,840	\$ 1,244,774	\$ 1,192,358	\$ 1,285,750	\$	1,311,851	\$	1,171,270	\$ 1,116,416	\$ 1,086,216	\$	1,125,793	\$	1,090,014
Allocation base = direct personnel cost	\$ 3,138,444	\$ 2,996,208	\$ 2,841,789	\$ 2,834,145	\$	2,792,639	\$	2,741,882	\$ 2,729,950	\$ 2,662,300	\$	2,366,291	\$	2,453,518
Indirect cost rate	 43.26%	 41.54%	 41.96%	 45.37%		46.98%	_	42.72%	 40.90%	 40.80%	_	47.58%	_	44.43%

(Continued)

#### SCHEDULE OF INDIRECT COSTS, FRINGE BENEFITS AND ALLOCATION BASE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fisca	l Year					
	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019		2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Fringe benefits											
Contributions to pension trust	\$ 536,941	\$ 483,354	\$ 473,665	\$ 467,938	\$ 469,739	\$	457,495	\$ 467,665	\$ 429,921	\$ 383,282	\$ 392,271
Payroll taxes	54,927	53,064	48,808	52,278	49,253		43,690	41,531	46,873	48,578	44,589
Group insurance	204,126	177,767	164,934	202,570	210,972		191,170	179,716	170,659	174,574	166,270
Workers compensation	10,945	12,120	7,730	13,062	12,592		16,522	9,404	6,953	7,857	7,953
Other	17,567	19,006	11,924	30,787	33,515		28,608	42,404	52,921	29,705	53,918
Paid time off earned	294,471	262,256	274,303	270,058	252,327		248,426	251,888	244,099	191,534	221,045
Sick leave used	1,069	-	-	-	4,132		2,735	604	1,540	3,759	1,413
Holiday leave used	136,330	124,425	125,248	127,632	125,060		117,530	107,379	101,518	94,552	95,443
Other leave used	12,012	22,549	3,344	20,247	370		1,632	1,975	3,348	2,071	3,730
Total fringe benefits	\$ 1,268,388	\$ 1,154,541	\$ 1,109,956	\$ 1,184,572	\$ 1,157,960	\$	1,107,808	\$ 1,102,566	\$ 1,057,832	\$ 935,912	\$ 986,632
Allocation base = salaries	\$ 2,645,976	\$ 2,581,316	\$ 2,430,423	\$ 2,437,613	\$ 2,393,407	\$	2,297,755	\$ 2,297,356	\$ 2,238,224	\$ 2,066,212	\$ 2,082,006
Fringe benefit rate	 47.94%	 44.73%	45.67%	48.60%	 48.38%		48.21%	 47.99%	 47.26%	45.30%	 47.39%

SOURCE: From the Commission's annual financial reports for the respective years.

A - Beginning July 1, 2003, the Center adopted a capitalization policy. Prior to this adoption any single item having a useful life greater than one year was capitalized regardless of the cost.

The Commission moved from an owned to a leased facility December 15, 2000.

Beginning July 1, 2003, the Center adopted a capitalization policy. Prior to this adoption any single item having a useful life greater than one year was capitalized

Beginning July 1, 1997, the Commission \discontinued charging postage as a direct cost to each activity.

#### PRINCIPAL REVENUE PAYERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

								Fisca	Yea	ır						
	 2023	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019		2018	 2017	_	2016	_	2015	 2014
Georgia Department of Human Services - Aging services	\$ 4,234,856	\$ 3,762,278	\$	4,237,197	\$	3,991,448	\$	3,523,915	\$	3,640,626	\$ 5,549,085	\$	5,267,543	\$	5,039,411	\$ 5,263,585
Georgia Department of Human Services - Regional transportation services	-	1,535,791		1,585,824		1,474,911		2,086,448		2,151,111	2,382,204		2,210,334		2,090,958	2,325,272
Georgia Department of Community Health - Community Care Services Program Care Coordination	851,881	872,002		805,625		875,689		891,614		2,018,133	-		-		-	-
Georgia Governor's Office of Workforce Development	 1,535,021	 1,697,986		1,699,685		2,403,095		2,604,697		2,245,984	 2,422,800		2,263,313		1,842,679	 1,672,697
Total principal revenue payers	\$ 6,621,758	\$ 7,868,057	\$	8,328,331	\$	8,745,143	\$	9,106,674	\$	10,055,854	\$ 10,354,089	\$	9,741,190	\$	8,973,048	\$ 9,261,554
Total primary government program and general revenues	\$ 9,267,599	\$ 10,942,709	\$	10,622,474	\$	10,819,550	\$	11,145,641	\$	12,051,354	\$ 12,237,458	\$	11,978,352	\$	11,224,366	\$ 11,276,495

SOURCE: Commission's financial records.

#### CHARGEABLE AND NON-CHARGEABLE STAFF HOURS AND FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS BY ACTIVITY - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Staff Hours by Fiscal Year										
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Aging services	32,708.95	33,273.80	33,240.25	35,896.30	37,962.68	36,034.85	38,203.82	43,484.80	41,240.50	42,124.45	
Regional transportation services	-	262.00	525.15	456.50	351.00	349.50	351.50	372.50	351.75	381.00	
Workforce development	10,226.95	9,038.00	11,982.75	14,363.50	16,306.75	14,348.15	15,149.30	9,774.50	7,814.00	4,546.00	
Planning and zoning services	3,036.25	2,207.25	2,099.00	3,273.75	4,017.55	4,027.25	4,163.00	4,417.25	3,689.75	5,428.75	
Local government services	5,383.20	4,511.00	4,798.50	5,591.95	5,205.50	4,683.75	4,832.00	4,677.00	5,673.75	5,667.50	
Economic development support services	1,888.25	2,962.80	2,039.50	688.50	2,578.00	2,064.50	1,552.25	2,744.50	2,261.25	2,455.50	
Management of local development companies	10,624.80	11,001.75	9,300.60	8,481.55	9,384.75	8,286.25	7,431.00	6,696.50	6,536.75	6,418.50	
Indirect cost fund	11,769.75	11,212.00	11,560.00	12,455.75	13,884.25	11,724.00	11,405.25	10,761.50	11,891.25	11,099.50	
Total chargeable hours	75,638.15	74,468.60	75,545.75	81,207.80	89,690.48	81,518.25	83,088.12	82,928.55	79,459.00	78,121.20	
Paid time off	8,430.04	9,311.40	8,080.40	7,503.51	9,085.04	7,856.66	8,019.84	7,716.80	6,781.28	7,623.60	
Holiday time off	3,999.60	3,952.80	4,017.60	4,259.80	4,612.65	4,192.60	3,793.40	3,775.00	3,578.80	3,630.00	
Sick leave time	28	-	-	-	204.00	40.00	8.00	25.00	72.75	45.75	
Other leave	360.25	590.75	112.00	764.00	16.00	16.00	82.00	140.00	94.00	72.00	
Total non-chargeable hours	12,817.89	13,854.95	12,210.00	12,527.31	13,917.69	12,105.26	11,903.24	11,656.80	10,526.83	11,371.35	
Total staff hours	88,456.04	88,323.55	87,755.75	93,735.11	103,608.17	93,623.51	94,991.36	94,585.35	89,985.83	89,492.55	

	Full-Time Equivalent Staff by Fiscal Year													
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
Aging services	15.73	16.00	15.98	17.26	18.25	17.32	18.37	20.91	19.83	20.25				
Regional transportation services	NC	0.13	0.25	0.22	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.18	0.17	0.18				
Workforce development	4.92	4.35	5.76	6.91	7.84	6.90	7.28	4.70	3.76	2.19				
Planning and zoning services	1.46	1.06	1.01	1.57	1.93	1.94	2.00	2.12	1.77	2.61				
Local government services	2.59	2.17	2.31	2.69	2.50	2.25	2.32	2.25	2.73	2.72				
Economic development support services	0.91	1.42	0.98	0.33	1.24	0.99	0.75	1.32	1.09	1.18				
Management of local development companies	5.11	5.29	4.47	4.08	4.51	3.98	3.57	3.22	3.14	3.09				
Indirect cost fund	5.66	5.39	5.56	5.99	6.68	5.64	5.48	5.17	5.72	5.34				
Total full-time equivalents	36.38	35.81	36.32	39.05	43.12	39.19	39.94	39.87	38.21	37.56				
Paid time off	4.05	4.48	3.88	3.61	4.37	3.78	3.86	3.71	3.26	3.67				
Holiday time off	1.92	1.90	1.93	2.05	2.22	2.02	1.82	1.81	1.72	1.75				
Sick leave time	0.01	NC	NC	NC	0.10	0.02	-	0.01	0.03	0.02				
Other leave	0.17	0.28	0.05	0.37	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.05	0.03				
Total full-time equivalents	6.15	6.66	5.86	6.03	6.70	5.83	5.72	5.60	5.06	5.47				
Total full-time equivalents	42.53	42.47	42.18	45.08	49.82	45.02	45.66	45.47	43.27	43.03				

Full-time equivalent is computed by dividing the number of hours by 2,080 hours.

SOURCE: Employee time records.

#### d/b/a CSRA BUSINESS LENDING SUMMARY OF LOAN ACTIVITY BY FISCAL YEAR - COMPONENT UNITS (Unaudited)

		Loan Volun	ne				т	ype of Loan Package	d or Approved		
	Number of loans packaged or approved	Number discontinued	Number Closed	Number carried forward	SBA 504's	CSRA Direct	SBA 7(a)'s packaged	CSRA Resource Development Agency	CSRA Rural Lending Authority	Georgia Meat & Poultry	Micro Loan Program
FY 2023	36	-	33	36	14	-	-	15	3	4	-
FY 2022	46	5	41	41	32	3	-	10	2	N/A	-
FY 2021	70	2	52	68	35	3	-	28	3	N/A	1
FY 2020	30	1	24	29	23	1	-	2	4	N/A	-
FY 2019	35	-	24	35	24	1	-	7	3	N/A	-
FY 2018	27	-	17	35	18	1	-	3	4	N/A	-
FY 2017	37	2	23	35	29	3	-	2	3	N/A	-
FY 2016	32	1	30	31	17	5	-	4	6	N/A	-
FY 2015	32	-	29	32	21	4	-	3	4	N/A	-
FY 2014	43	1	30	42	25	6	-	6	5	N/A	-
FY 2013	35	2	32	33	27	6	-	-	2	N/A	-
FY 2012	41	-	34	41	33	N/A	-	4	4	N/A	-
FY 2011	50	1	55	49	38	N/A	1	1	7	N/A	3
FY 2010	54	1	37	55	45	N/A	1	3	4	N/A	1
FY 2009	32	-	46	32	22	N/A	-	5	4	N/A	1
FY 2008	51	5	50	46	37	N/A	2	4	5	N/A	2
FY 2007	53	3	50	50	43	N/A	-	4	5	N/A	1
FY 2006	52	2	34	50	37	N/A	1	4	9	N/A	1
FY 2005	39	5	42	34	27	N/A	1	3	7	N/A	1
FY 2004	44	2	38	42	21	N/A	3	8	9	N/A	1
FY 2003	41	3	27	38	16	N/A	4	3	11	N/A	4
FY 2002	29	2	39	27	8	N/A	6	6	9	N/A	N/A
FY 2001	43	4	38	39	23	N/A	6	5	8	N/A	N/A
FY 2000	40	2	32	38	20	N/A	1	3	16	N/A	N/A
FY 1999	36	4	30	32	16	N/A	1	5	14	N/A	N/A
FY 1998	33	3	31	30	16	N/A	3	6	5	N/A	N/A
FY 1997	33	2	31	31	22	N/A	1	2	4	N/A	N/A

SOURCE: CSRA Business Lending Annual Reports

# SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE (Unaudited)

NAME OF COMPANY	POLICY NUMBER	POLICY PERIOD FROM	COVERAGE	DETAILS
Cincinnati Insurance	ECP 032 59 39	7/1/2022	Commercial Automobile	\$1,000,000 Liability, \$100,000 Uninsured Motorist, \$250 deductible for comprehensive, \$250 deductible for comprehensive physical damage for each covered auto, \$500 deductible for collision physical damage for each covered auto, \$50,000 hired car physical damage.
Cincinnati Insurance	ECP 032 59 39	7/1/2022	Commercial General Liability	3626 Walton Way Extension, Suite 1, \$467,861 contents. \$2,000,000 business liability each occurrence, \$5,000 medical expenses to any one person. \$1,000,000 fire, explosion and water damage on any one occurrence. \$500 deductible property damage. \$50,000 andension fiduciary liability.
Cincinnati Insurance	EMN 044 47 78	7/1/2022	Directors & Officers Liability	Claims made coverage limited to wrongful acts for which claims are first made against the policy insureds during the policy period. Maximum limit is \$3,000,000 with deductible of \$50,000. Includes coverage for employee discrimination, sexual harassment, and breach of either an implied or actual employment contract.
Cincinnati Insurance	ECP 032 59 39	7/1/2022	Commercial Umbrella Liability	Increased basic policy limits to \$5,000,000 for underlying policies.
Cincinnati Insurance	0000590878	7/1/2022	Worker's compensation	Employees-Medical expenses related to on-the-job injuries. \$100,000 each accident, \$100,000 each employee, and a \$500,000 policy limit.
Principal	1129354	7/1/2022	Employee life insurance	Three times annual earning effective upon completion of one year of service.
Principal	1129354	7/1/2022	Long term disability	On the 91st day of being disabled, the employee is eligible to receive 60% of his monthly income up to \$5,000 per month.
Cigna/Oscar	BIZ0073531	7/1/2022	Employees and family - Surgery, major medical, and hospitalization	Group HMO medical plan. Levels of coverage vary depending upon the employee's choice.
Principal	1129354	7/1/2022	Employees and family - dental coverage	Group dental with 100% preventive services, 80% basis services, and 50% major services. Deductible of \$25 and annual maximum of \$2,000.

#### CENTRAL SAVANNAH RIVER AREA REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CENTER

## POPULATION OF COUNTIES IN THE CENTRAL SAVANNAH RIVER AREA (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Y	ear				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Burke	24,980	24,852	22,271	22,383	22.423	22,522	22,688	23,047	24,376	24,163
Columbia	165,598	162,402	161,988	156,714	154,291	151,579	147,450	145,896	136,763	134,238
Glascock	2,824	2,844	2,959	2,971	2,995	3,062	3,006	3,157	3,287	3,248
Hancock	8,528	8,597	8,635	8,457	8,348	8,561	8,640	8,506	9,481	9,468
Jefferson	15,343	15,465	15,238	15,362	15,430	15,648	15,916	16,268	17,333	17,256
Jenkins	8,773	8,740	8,498	8,676	8,683	8,767	8,849	9,303	8,471	8,444
Lincoln	7,597	7,628	7,913	7,921	7,915	7,880	7,828	7,614	7,882	7,906
McDuffie	21,560	21,584	20,872	21,312	21,531	21,498	21,490	21,889	22,693	22,532
Richmond	208,425	207,819	204,220	202,518	201,554	201,800	201,647	204,435	212,548	210,147
Taliaferro	1,511	1,527	1,387	1,537	1,608	1,628	1,593	1,674	1,608	1,630
Warren	5,029	5,091	5,268	5,254	5,251	5,303	5,442	5,413	5,788	5,799
Washington	19,628	19,748	20,302	20,374	20,386	20,313	20,457	20,690	21,864	21,731
Wilkes	9,256	9,359	9,603	9,777	9,876	9,892	9,805	9,855	10,558	10,563
	499,052	495,656	489,154	483,256	480,291	478,453	474,811	477,747	482,652	477,125

SOURCE: US Census Bureau and CSRA Regional Commission.

#### UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Y	'ear				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Burke	6.4%	5.1%	5.5%	9.1%	5.9%	4.3%	5.8%	7.9%	8.1%	8.9%
Columbia	3.2%	2.9%	2.1%	5.0%	3.3%	3.5%	3.8%	4.8%	5.0%	6.0%
Glascock	3.6%	3.1%	1.9%	4.9%	4.4%	4.0%	4.9%	6.0%	6.2%	9.6%
Hancock	5.6%	5.4%	5.2%	10.8%	6.4%	5.8%	6.3%	8.7%	9.3%	10.9%
Jefferson	4.5%	3.7%	4.1%	9.2%	6.0%	5.3%	5.5%	7.3%	8.8%	12.5%
Jenkins	5.3%	4.5%	3.7%	8.1%	6.3%	4.9%	6.3%	7.5%	8.0%	13.3%
Lincoln	3.9%	3.3%	3.3%	6.6%	4.0%	4.7%	4.5%	5.9%	6.1%	8.0%
McDuffie	5.0%	4.4%	4.3%	10.1%	6.0%	6.2%	5.5%	7.2%	7.8%	9.1%
Richmond	4.9%	4.3%	4.5%	9.7%	5.0%	5.1%	5.2%	6.7%	7.2%	8.9%
Taliaferro	3.7%	4.8%	3.9%	7.6%	4.9%	4.8%	5.2%	6.0%	7.4%	9.7%
Warren	4.9%	4.2%	3.9%	7.6%	6.4%	5.5%	5.7%	7.1%	7.7%	10.9%
Washington	5.0%	4.0%	4.0%	8.2%	4.5%	4.6%	5.3%	6.5%	6.6%	9.7%
Wilkes	4.1%	4.0%	3.9%	7.4%	4.6%	4.2%	4.8%	6.9%	7.5%	8.9%
Georgia	3.4%	3.0%	3.2%	8.0%	3.6%	3.8%	4.2%	5.3%	5.8%	7.5%
United States	3.9%	3.4%	5.7%	10.5%	3.7%	3.9%	4.1%	4.8%	5.1%	5.9%

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA (Unaudited)

FORM OF MANAGEMENT:	Executive Co	mmittee - Executive Director		
ENABLING LEGISLATION:		3-30 through 50-8-46 of the of Georgia Annotated		
AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY:	5,146 square 39 municipali	miles, 13 counties, ities		
		Industry Employment Distribution		
	Rank	Industry Sector	<b>Establishments</b>	Employees
	1 year		545	37,309
	2 Health Care a	and Social Assistance	1,273	27,206
	3 Retail Trade (	(44 and 45)	1,537	21,256
	4 Accommodat	tion and Food Services	981	18,053
	5 Manufacturin	g (31-33)	370	16,679
	6 Admin., Supp	oort, Waste Mgmt, Remediation	620	12,001
	7 Construction		927	9,595
	8 Professional	Scientific & Technical Svc	977	6,975
	9 Transportatio	on and Warehousing	273	4,465
	10 Wholesale Tr	ade	378	4,110

The table above shows the preliminary distribution of industries in Central Savannah River Workforce Investment Area, Georgia for the 2nd Quarter of 2023.

Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics and Economic Research, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages Program

#### POST SECONDARY EDUCATION IN THE CENTRAL SAVANNAH RIVER AREA

	ENROLLMENT
Augusta University	6,685
Augusta Technical College	3,705
East Georgia College	2,008
Oconee Fall Technical College	1,705
Georgia Military College - Augusta Campus	1,236
University of Phoenix - Augusta	1,073
Virginia College Augusta	840
Miller Motte Technical College	505
Paine College	251

All of the institutions listed above are located in a CSRA county. The University of Georgia, Georgia Southern University, the University of South Carolina, Columbia, University of South Carolina at Aiken, and Mercer University are located within 125 of miles of CSRA counties.

#### **COMMUNITY FACILITIES**

- 13 community hospitals with 2,550 beds
- 1 military hospital
- 2 federal hospitals
- 32 nursing homes with 3,203 beds
- 126 public schools
- 32 private schools

SOURCE: Georgia Economic Profiles and CSRA Regional Commission

## SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Council Members Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission Augusta, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission** (the "Commission"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2023.

#### **Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Macon, Georgia December 15, 2023

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Council Members Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission Augusta, Georgia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the **Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission's** (the "Commission") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Commission's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Commission's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Commission complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Commission's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Commission's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
  performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Commission's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.



We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Macon, Georgia December 15, 2023

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC



#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
.S. Department of Commerce				
Direct Programs:				
Economic Development Support for Planning Organizations	11.302	ED20ATL3020002	\$ 61,638	\$-
Economic Development Support for Planning Organizations Economic Development Cluster:	11.302	ED23ATL3020002	49,765	-
Economic Adjustment Assistance, Part of Public Works and Economic Development Cluster - Note 3.A	11.307	04-79-07228	945,260	-
Economic Adjustment Assistance, Part of Public Works and Economic Development Cluster - Note 3.B	11.307	04-79-07499	5,486,765	-
Economic Development Cluster Total			6,432,025	-
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			6,543,428	
.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Georgia Department of Human Services (DHS): Aging Cluster:				
Aging Title III, Part B: Grants for Support Services and Senior Centers COVID-19 Aging Title III, Part B: Grants for Support Services and Senior	93.044	42700-373-0000106930	595,654	408,068
Centers - CARES Act COVID-19 Aging Title III, Part B: Grants for Support Services and Senior	93.044	42700-373-0000102979	1,333	1,318
Centers - American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)	93.044	42700-373-0000106744	51,018	51,018
Aging Title III Part C: Nutrition Services	93.045	42700-373-0000106930	843,028	843,028
COVID-19 Aging Title III Part C: Nutrition Services - CARES Act	93.045	42700-373-0000102979	992	-
Aging Title III Part C: Nutrition Services - HDC5 COVID-19 Aging Title III Part C: Nutrition Services - American Rescue	93.045	42700-373-0000101630	80,357	80,357
Plan Act (ARPA)	93.045	42700-373-0000106744	158,398	158,397
Nutrition Services Incentive Program Aging Cluster Total	93.053	42700-373-0000106930	150,607 1,881,387	150,607 1,692,793
Aging Title III, Part D, Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043	42700-373-0000106930	16,180	6,446
National Caregiver Support (III-E)	93.052	42700-373-0000106930	144,572	144,490
COVID-19 National Caregiver Support (III-E) - CARES Act COVID-19 National Caregiver Support (III-E) - American Rescue Plan	93.052	42700-373-0000102979	5,913	5,747
Act (ARPA)	93.052	42700-373-0000106744	15,556	15,556
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	42700-373-0000106930	303,822	32,193
Total Passed Through Georgia Department of Human Services			2,367,430	204,43
Passed Through Georgia Department of Community Health:	00 770	0017000	105.010	
Community Care Services Program, Part of Medicaid Cluster	93.778	2017006	425,940	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,793,370	1,897,22

(Continued)

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Labor - Employment Training Administration				
Passed Through Technical College System of Georgia - Office of Workforce Development:				
WIOA Cluster:				
WIOA Adult Program	17.258	11-21-21-07-012	\$ 32,080	\$ 6,223
WIOA Adult Program	17.258	11-21-22-07-012	568,330	110,246
WIOA Adult Program	17.258	11-22-22-07-012	112,933	21,907
WIOA Adult Program	17.258	11-22-23-07-012	80,453	15,606
WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	15-21-21-07-012	274,916	-
WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	15-22-22-07-012	57,846	-
WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	31-21-21-07-012	33,032	12,663
WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	31-21-22-07-012	260,826	99,991
WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants - NEG - COVID	17.280	COVID1-20-20-07-012	41,668	-
WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants - NEG - COVID	17.277	COVID2-19-19-07-012	70,072	-
WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants - NEG - COVID	17.277	COVID3-20-20-07-012	2,866	-
Total U.S. Department of Labor - Employment Training			<u>,</u>	
Administration			1,535,022	266,636
U.S. Department of Defense Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for Establishment or Expansion of a Military Installation	12.618	HQ00052010041	39,309	_
Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for Compatible Use and Joint Land Use Studies	12.610	HQ00052010041	84,423	
Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for Establishment or	12.010	1100002010001	01,120	
Expansion of a Military Installation	12.618	HQ00052310012	11,518	-
Total U. S. Department of Defense			135,250	-
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed Through Georgia Department of Transportation ("GADOT"):				
Planning Grant, Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205	PI #0017149	958	-
Planning Grant, Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205	PI #0018411	8,921	-
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			9,879	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Intermediary Relending Program, Note 3.C	10.767	Not Assigned	1,151,160	-
Meat and Poultry Intermediary Lending Program, Note 3.D	10.382	Not Assigned	2,904,830	-
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			4,055,990	-
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 15,072,939	
Total Federal Awards Passed Through to Subrecipients				\$ 2,163,861

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal assistance programs of the Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission (the "Commission"). The Commission's reporting entity is defined in Note 1.B of the basic financial statements. Federal assistance received directly from federal or state agencies, as well as federal financial assistance passed through state agencies, are included on the schedule.

#### NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Except as noted in Note 3 below, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1.C of the basic financial statements. The Commission did not use the deminimis indirect cost rate during the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### NOTE 3. SPECIFIC TO ITEM ON SCHEDULE

Note A – The reporting entity received a \$750,000 grant awarded on December 11, 2017 to capitalize an RLF, which requires a 50% match. All the funds have been lent and any future funds will revolve as payments are received. The expenditure of federal awards is computed in accordance with the OMB Compliance Supplement for CFDA #11.307. The amount reported as federal expenditures follows:

fiscal year.Cash and investment balance in the RLF at the end of the recipient's fiscal year.Administrative expenses paid out of RLF income during the recipient's fiscal year.Administrative expenses paid using award funds designated for administrative expenses during the recipient's fiscal year.	953
recipient's fiscal year. 139,347 Administrative expenses paid out of RLF income during the recipient's fiscal year. 220 Administrative expenses paid using award funds designated for administrative expenses during the recipient's	
Administrative expenses paid out of RLF income during the recipient's fiscal year.       220         Administrative expenses paid using award funds designated for administrative expenses during the recipient's       220	
recipient's fiscal year. 220 Administrative expenses paid using award funds designated for administrative expenses during the recipient's	347
Administrative expenses paid using award funds designated for administrative expenses during the recipient's	
for administrative expenses during the recipient's	220
fiscal year	
	-
For the purposes of calculating federal expenditures, RLF	
recipents are not permitted to factor in an allowance for	
bad debt.	-
The unpaid principal of all loans written off during the	
recipient's fiscal year.	-
Total expenditures of the RLF \$ 1,890,520	520
Multiply by the federal share of the RLF 50%	50%
Expenditures of Federal Award CFDA #11.307 \$ 945,260	260

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 3. SPECIFIC TO ITEM ON SCHEDULE (CONTINUED)

Note B – The reporting entity received a \$3,718,000 grant awarded on July 9, 2021 which included \$3,380,000 to capitalize an RLF and \$338,000 in administrative funds. In September 2022, the award was amended to add and additional \$2,679,935 to capitalize the RLF. As of June 30, 2023, \$5,445,576 had been lent. Once all the funds have been lent and any future funds will revolve as payments are received. The expenditure of federal awards is computed in accordance with the OMB Compliance Supplement for CFDA #11.307. The amount reported as federal expenditures follows:

Balance of RLF loans outstanding at the end of the recipient's	
fiscal year.	\$ 4,584,989
Cash and investment balance in the RLF at the end of the	
recipient's fiscal year.	766,131
Administrative expenses paid out of RLF income during the	
recipient's fiscal year.	-
Administrative expenses paid using award funds designated for	
administrative expenses during the recipient's fiscal year.	328,886
For the purposes of calculating federal expenditures, RLF recipients	
are not permitted to factor in an allowance for bad debt.	(193,241)
The unpaid principal of all loans written off during the recipient's	
fiscal year.	-
Total expenditures of the RLF	\$ 5,486,765
Multiply by the federal share of the RLF	 100%
Expenditures of Federal Award CFDA #11.307	\$ 5,486,765

Note C – The Central Savannah River Area Rural Lending Authority, Inc. ("CSRA RLA") borrowed \$1,000,000 from the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Development ("USDA RD") under a loan agreement dated October 30, 1991. CSRA RLA executed a second loan agreement on July 26, 1994 with USDA RD to borrow an additional \$1,000,000. The CSRA RLA executed an assumption agreement on July 31, 1998 with Georgia Department of Community Affairs f/k/a GHFA Economic Financing Inc. ("DCA") and USDA RD conferring to the CSRA RLA the rights and obligations under a note dated May 26, 1994. The principal balance of the note on July 31, 1998 was \$1,918,935. CSRA RLA executed a fourth agreement on December 13, 1999 with USDA RD to borrow an additional \$500,000. CSRA RLA executed a fifth agreement on June 26, 2001 with USDA RD to borrow an additional \$750,000. CSRA RLA executed a sixth agreement on June 25, 2018 with USDA RD to borrow an additional \$603,120, which was fully drawn down as of June 30, 2021. As of year-end, CSRA RLA has borrowed a total of \$5,772,055 from USDA RD.

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 3. SPECIFIC TO ITEM ON SCHEDULE (CONTINUED)

Note C (Continued) – Prior to July 1, 2023, borrowed amounts totaled \$5,772,055 and \$4,620,893 principal was repaid. For the year ended June 30, 2023, \$169,038 principal was paid and no additional loans were drawn down. At June 30, 2023, \$1,151,161 remains outstanding.

Note D – The reporting entity received a \$7,500,000 grant awarded on September 30, 2023 which included \$7,375,000 to capitalize an RLF and \$125,000 in administrative funds. As of June 30, 2023, a total of \$5,859,488 has been received, of which \$5,750,312 was used to capitalize an RLF and \$109,176 in admin funds. The expenditure of federal awards is computed in accordance with the OMB Compliance Supplement for CFDA #10.382. The amount reported as federal expenditures follows:

Balance of RLF loans outstanding at the end of the recipient's	
fiscal year.	\$ 2,961,515
Cash and investment balance in the RLF at the end of the recipient's fiscal year.	_
Administrative expenses paid out of RLF income during the recipient's fiscal year.	-
Administrative expenses paid using award funds designated for administrative expenses during the recipient's fiscal year.	233,798
For the purposes of calculating federal expenditures, RLF recipients are not permitted to factor in an allowance for bad debt.	-
The unpaid principal of all loans written off during the recipient's	
fiscal year.	-
Total expenditures of the RLF	\$ 3,195,313
Multiply by the federal share of the RLF	 91%
Expenditures of Federal Award CFDA #10.382	\$ 2,904,830

### NOTE 4. NON-CASH AWARDS

The Commission did not have any non-cash awards during the fiscal year.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial	
statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be	
material weaknesses?	Yes X None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	
major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be	
reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major program:	
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
93.044; 93.045; 93.053	Aging Cluster
10.382	Meat and Poultry Intermediary
	Lending Program
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	
Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> Yes <u>No</u>

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None reported.

## SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

None reported.

#### PREAMBLE OF THE CSRA REGIONAL COMMISSION

It is hereby affirmed that the local units of government in the CSRA have many common concerns that transcend their individual borders; the destinies of each unit rest with the interdependent actions of the family of local governments, which comprise the Central Savannah River Area. It is vital to retain local home rule while providing resources to meet area wide challenges beyond the capabilities of individual units; expansion of the concept of multi-county cooperation among units of local governments is an effective means of achieving this vital goal; and cooperation must be fostered in two ways, by strengthening the abilities of local governments to meet individual local needs and by developing an association of local government to meet common regional concerns.

### MISSION OF THE CSRA REGIONAL COMMISSOIN

The mission of the Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission is to provide planning, management and information services to our members in a professional, ethical, cost effective and efficient manner; and to serve as a forum for addressing the needs of local government and its citizens' needs.



CSRA Regional Commission 3626 Walton Way Extension, Suite 300 Augusta, Georgia 30909

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